

ACTION PLAN FOR IMPLEMENTATION OF THE STRATEGY FOR REFORM OF THE JUDICIAL SECTOR 2017-2022

Section in the Strategy	Strategic goal	No. of strategic guideline	Strategic guideline	No. of measure	Measure	Activity	Competent body/authority	Other competent bodies/authorities	Deadline	Financial sources	Success indicator
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.1. INDEPENDENCE AND IMPARTIALITY	2.1.1.	Establishment of legal criteria for (non)election of graduates from the AJP by the JCRM and the CPPRM	2.1.1.-1	Establishment of proper and precise legal criteria for (non)election of graduates from the AJP by the JCRM and CPPRM	1. Setting up working groups for drafting legal solutions (LJCRM and LCPPRM) with the involvement of expert, academic public and CS. 2. Use of comparative analyses. 3. Drawing up draft laws 4. Introduction of the public to the proposed legal solution (announcement by ENER and public discussion) 5. Submission of a proposed law to the Government of RM 6. Proposed laws adopted by the Government of RM 7. Laws passed by the Assembly of RM	MoJ	JCRM, SCRM, CPPRM, PPORM, Association of Judges, Association of Prosecutors	1. February 2018 2. April 2018 3. May 2018 4. and 5. June 2018 6. July 2018 7. September 2018	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3.-1	Elected judges and public prosecutors in accordance with the new statutory criteria for election
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.1. INDEPENDENCE AND IMPARTIALITY	2.1.1.	Establishment of legal criteria for (non)election of graduates from the AJP by the JCRM and the CPPRM	2.1.1.-2	Stipulation of a legal obligation for the JCRM and the CPPRM for consistent respect for the timetable of the lists submitted by the Academy in the election of judges/public prosecutors	1. Setting up working groups for drafting legal solutions (LJCRM and LCPPRM) with the involvement of expert, academic public and CS. 2. Use of comparative analyses. 3. Drawing up draft laws 4. Introduction of the public to the proposed legal solution (announcement by ENER and public discussion) 5. Submission of a proposed law to the Government of RM 6. Proposed laws adopted by the Government of RM 7. Laws passed by the Assembly of RM	MoJ	JCRM, SCRM, CPPRM, PPORM, Association of Judges, Association of Prosecutors	1. February 2018 2. April 2018 3. May 2018 4. and 5. June 2018 6. July 2018 7. September 2018	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3.-1	Elected judges and public prosecutors in accordance with the time schedule on the lists of the Academy.
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.1. INDEPENDENCE AND IMPARTIALITY	2.1.1.	Establishment of legal criteria for (non)election of graduates from the AJP by the JCRM and the CPPRM	2.1.1.-3	Compulsory explanation and public announcement of the decision on the election/non-election of a candidate from the list by the Judicial Council and the Council of Public Prosecutors	Drawing up the bylaws of JCRM and CPPRM defining a strict form of the election decision which will necessarily contain a reasoned explanation of the grounds (for example, forged documents, forged final exam, unfulfilled statutory general requirements to be included on the list of graduates, etc.).	JCRM, CPPRM	/	Six months from the adoption of the Law	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3.-1	100% reasoned and announced decisions for the election of judges and public prosecutors
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.1. INDEPENDENCE AND IMPARTIALITY	2.1.2.	The members of the Judicial Council and the Council of Public Prosecutors need to be elected from among the most experienced judges and public prosecutors	2.1.2.-1	Legal specification for the election of members of the Judicial Council and the Council of Public Prosecutors from among the most experienced judges and public prosecutors who at least meet the requirement for performing the office of a judge and a public prosecutor in the courts of Appeal, that is, higher prosecutor's offices	1. Setting up working groups for drafting legal solutions (LJCRM and LCPPRM) with the involvement of expert, academic public and CS. 2. Use of comparative analyses. 3. Drawing up draft laws 4. Introduction of the public to the proposed legal solution (announcement by ENER and public discussion) 5. Submission of a proposed law to the Government of RM 6. Proposed laws adopted by the Government of RM 7. Laws passed by the Assembly of RM	MoJ	JCRM, SCRM, CPPRM, PPORM, Association of Judges, Association of Prosecutors	1. February 2018 2. April 2018 3. May 2018 4. and 5. June 2018 6. July 2018 7. September 2018	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3.-1	Elected new members of JCRM and CPPRM from among the most experienced judges and public prosecutors in accordance with the new legal criteria
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.1. INDEPENDENCE AND IMPARTIALITY	2.1.3.	Legal specification of the condition "distinguished jurist" for the election of the members of the Judicial Council and the Council of Public Prosecutors on a proposal by the Assembly of RM and the President of RM who should not be from among the judges, that is, public prosecutors.	2.1.3.-1	Legal specification of the condition "distinguished jurist" including criteria for the length of work experience, matters they have professionally dealt with, acquired certificates, awards, published professional and scholarly papers, etc.	1. Setting up working groups for drafting legal solutions (LJCRM and LCPPRM) with the involvement of expert, academic public and CS. 2. Use of comparative analyses. 3. Drawing up draft laws 4. Introduction of the public to the proposed legal solution (announcement by ENER and public discussion) 5. Submission of a proposed law to the Government of RM 6. Proposed laws adopted by the Government of RM 7. Laws passed by the Assembly of RM	MoJ	JCRM, SCRM, CPPRM, PPORM, Association of Judges, Association of Prosecutors	1. February 2018 2. April 2018 3. May 2018 4. and 5. June 2018 6. July 2018 7. September 2018	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3.-1	Elected new members of JCRM and CPPRM distinguished jurists who are not from the ranks of judges and public prosecutors in accordance with the new legal criteria
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.1. INDEPENDENCE AND IMPARTIALITY	2.1.4.	Establishment of a legal framework for annulment of the measures and legal consequences from the lustration process	2.1.4.-1	Legal framework for annulment of the measures and legal consequences from the lustration process	Submission of the final text to the Government of RM	MoJ	Judicial Reform Council Judicial Reform Council	December 2017	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3.-1	
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.1. INDEPENDENCE AND IMPARTIALITY	2.1.5.	Proper functioning of the system for the allocation of court cases (ACMIS) by conducting regular control and audit on its functioning in order to prevent any abuses of the system	2.1.5.-1	Overcoming the possibilities for abuse of the system for electronic allocation of cases through the establishment of a body for evaluation of the use of ACMIS, conducting procedures for examining the ways of its use, by amending the Law on the Case Movement Management in the Courts.	1. Setting up a working group for the Law on the Management of the Movement of Cases in the Courts (LMMCC) 2. Preparation of a draft law 3. Introduction of the public to the proposed legal solution (announcement of ENER and public discussion) 4. Submitting a proposed law to the Government of RM 5. Proposed Law passed by the Government of RM 6. Law adopted by the Assembly of RM 7. Proposed Rules of Procedure for Amending and Supplementing the Court Rules of Procedure and 8. Adoption of internal procedures in the courts	MoJ	JCRM, SCRM, judges, Association of Judges, representative from LCA, CS	LMMCC 1. February 2018 2. April 2018 3. May 2018 4. and 5. June 2018 6. July 2018 7. September 2018 8. December 2018	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3.-1	Functional ACMIS system in accordance with the evaluations and audits

2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.1. INDEPENDENCE AND IMPARTIALITY	2.1.5.	Proper functioning of the system for the allocation of court cases (ACMIS) by conducting regular control and audit on its functioning in order to prevent any abuses of the system	2.1.5.-2	Regular annual audits on the functioning of ACMIS by independent auditors.	Engaging independent auditors.	MoJ	CBC, external independent audit institutions	Continuously from 2018	360.000,00 DEN	Functional ACMIS system in accordance with the evaluations and
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.1. INDEPENDENCE AND IMPARTIALITY	2.1.6.	Autonomous and sustainable court budget, consistent with the legal allocation from the gross national income	2.1.6.-1	Improving the situation with the application of the Law on Court Budget.	Analysis of the possibilities for consistent application of the Law on Court Budget and improvement of its application on an annual basis	Court Budget Council, MF	/	May 2018	Continuously every year	Budget for 2019 of 0.6 of the GDP, and for 2021 of 0.8%.
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.1. INDEPENDENCE AND IMPARTIALITY	2.1.6.	Autonomous and sustainable court budget, consistent with the legal allocation from the gross national income	2.1.6-2	Improving the manner and procedure for allocating the funds from the Court Budget.	Determining (improving) the methodology with objective criteria for the preparation and allocation of the Court Budget.	Court Budget Council, MF	/	July 2018	Continuously every year	Budget for 2019 of 0.6 of the GDP, and for 2021 of 0.8%.
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.2. QUALITY	2.2.1.	Harmonisation of case law.	2.2.1.-1	Increased number of trainings for judges within the AJPP concerning analyses of the published court decisions according to the European standards	1. On-going posting of the adopted court decisions on the court web portal 2. Trainings within AJPP for analyses of the published court decisions 3. Preparation of collections of court decisions	AJPP		Continuously from October 2017 to 2022	IPA/ International assistance	Reduced number of applications before the ECtHR, on the grounds of unharmonised case law until 2021.
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.2. QUALITY	2.2.1.	Harmonisation of case law.	2.2.1.-2	Regular drafting of headnotes and conclusions by the courts of Appeal.	Regular meetings of judges from different appellate regions, between judges from appellate areas and the Supreme Court with the purpose of making conclusions on legal issues and posting them on the court web portal	SCRM	Courts of Appeal	Continuously from October 2017 to 2022	IPA/ International assistance	Reduced number of applications before the ECtHR, on the grounds of unharmonised case law until 2021.
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.2. QUALITY	2.2.2.	Reviewing the evaluation criteria for judges and public prosecutors.	2.2.2.-1	Amendments to the Laws on the JCRM and the CPPRM aimed at introducing legal provisions for objective criteria and defining precise provisions for jurisdiction and procedure for regular and extraordinary evaluation of judges, presidents of courts and public prosecutors based on the balance between quantitative and qualitative criteria, as well as professional skills, ability, efficiency, integrity and experience.	1. Setting up working groups for drafting legal solutions (LJCRM and LCPPRM) with the involvement of expert, academic public and GS. 2. Use of comparative analyses. 3. Drawing up draft laws 4. Introduction of the public to the proposed legal solution (announcement by ENER and public discussion) 5. Submission of a proposed law to the Government of RM. 6. Proposed laws adopted by the Government of RM 7. Laws passed by the Assembly of RM 8. Preparing a single template for evaluation.	1.-5. MoJ 8. JCRM, CPPRM	JCRM, SCRM, CPPRM, PPORM, Association of Judges, Association of Prosecutors	Amendments on the Law JCRM 1. October 2017 2. -5. November 2017 6. December 2017 7. January 2018 8. three months after the adoption of the laws Amendments on the Law CPPRM 1. February 2018 2. April 2018 3. May 2018 4. and 5. June 2018 6. July 2018 7. September 2018 8. three months after the adoption of the laws	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3.-1	Judges and public prosecutors evaluated according to the quantitative and qualitative criteria made for 2019.
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.2. QUALITY	2.2.3.	Redefining the criteria for promotion of the judge and the public prosecutor	2.2.3.-1	Adoption of: Law on Public Prosecutors Law on the Council of PP Law on the Courts Law on the Judicial Council of RM in the direction of introducing criteria for promotion that will be in correlation with the judicial/prosecutorial years of service, the severity, the type and complexity of the cases, the professional evaluation	1. Setting up working groups for drafting legal solutions with the involvement of expert, academic public and GS. 2. Use of comparative analyses. 3. Drawing up draft laws 4. Introduction of the public to the proposed legal solution (announcement by ENER and public discussion) 5. Submission of a proposed law to the Government of RM. 6. Proposed laws adopted by the Government of RM 7. Laws passed by the Assembly of RM	MoJ	JCRM, SCRM, CPPRM, PPORM, Association of Judges, Association of Prosecutors	1. February 2018 2. April 2018 3. May 2018 4. and 5. June 2018 6. July 2018 7. September 2018	IPA/ International assistance	100% Promoted judges and public prosecutors according to the new legal criteria of 2019.
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.2. QUALITY	2.2.3.	Redefining the criteria for promotion of the judge and the public prosecutor	2.2.3.-2	Compulsory explanation and public disclosure of decisions of JCRM and CPPRM for the promotion of judges and public prosecutors	Preparation of the bylaws of the JCRM and CPPRM to define the form of the election decision which will necessarily contain a reasoned explanation of the grounds for the promotion	JCRM, CPPRM	/	Six months from the adoption of the Law	does not cause fiscal implications	100% reasoned and announced decisions on promoted judges and public

2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.2. QUALITY	2.2.4.	Repeal electronic taking of professional exams.	2.2.4.-1	Adoption of legal solutions by which the electronic examinations will be replaced by an oral exam and written exercise "case studies" before the Commission.	1. Setting up working groups for the Law on Notaryship, Law on Enforcement, Law on the Bar Exam, Law on Mediation, Law on Expert reports, Law on Assessment. 2. Drawing up draft laws 3. Introduction of the public to the proposed legal solution (announcement by ENER and public discussion) 4. Submission of a proposed law to the Government of RM. 5. Proposed laws adopted by the Government of RM 6. Laws passed by the Assembly of RM 7. Drawing up bylaws and new Programme for the implementation of exams.	MoJ	CEARM, NCRM, CMMR, Chamber of Assessors, Chamber of Experts	LN and LE 1. September 2017 2. October 2017 3. November 2017 4. November 2017 5. December 2017 6. February 2018 7. two months after the adoption of the laws Laws on: bar exam, assessment, expertise and mediation 1. December 2017 2. February 2018 3. March 2018 4. May 2018 5. June 2018 6. September 2018 7. two months after the adoption of the laws	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3.-1	Conducted exams according to the new ways of taking them from 2019.
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.2. QUALITY	2.2.5.	Introduce legal obligation for continuous training of attorneys	2.2.5.-1	Amendments to the Law on Attorneyship for the purpose of introducing continuous training for attorneys, organised by the Bar with a statutory fund of sessions on an annual basis.	1. Setting up of a working group for drawing up amendments to the Law on Attorneyship 2. Preparation of the draft law 3. Introduction of the public to the proposed legal solution (announcement of ENER and public discussion) 4. Submitting a proposed law to the Government of RM. 5. Proposed laws adopted by the Government of RM 6. Laws passed by the Assembly of RM.	MoJ	BRM	April 2018 2. May 2018 3 in 4. May 2018 5. June 2018 6. September 2018	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3.-1	10 hours per year of conducted continuous training for all attorneys for 2019.
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.2. QUALITY	2.2.5.	Introduce legal obligation for continuous training of attorneys	2.2.5.-2	Developing a Program and methodology for the implementation of mandatory continuous training for attorneys by BRM.	Developing a Program and methodology for the implementation of mandatory continuous training for attorneys by BRM.	BRM	/	Three months after the adoption of the laws	does not cause fiscal implications	10 hours per year of conducted continuous training for all attorneys for 2019.
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.2. QUALITY	2.2.6.	Preparation of an analysis for eventual creation of a new programme for special initial training for experienced long-standing practitioners as well as for continuous training for all judges and public prosecutors	2.2.6.-1	Preparation of an in-debt and comprehensive analysis of the situation in RM and comparative experiences and best practices.	Analysis of the overall curriculum and plans of the AJPU prepared by domestic and international experts	AJPP	AJPP	April 2018	IPA/ International assistance	Prepared and presented analysis in front of domestic and international public
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.2. QUALITY	2.2.7.	New legal criteria for the composition of the governing and managing bodies of the AJPP	2.2.7.-1	Legislative changes in the Law on AJPP to remove formal criteria that constitute an obstacle to the effective functioning of the Academy	1. Setting up working groups for drafting a Law on AJPP with the involvement of judges, prosecutors, academic community and CS. 2. Drawing up draft law 3. Introduction of the public to the proposed legal solution (announcement by ENER and public discussion) 4. Submission of a proposed law to the Government of RM. 5. Proposed law adopted by the Government of RM 6. Law passed by the Assembly of RM	MoJ	AJPP	1. Novemeb 2017 2. 5. December 2017 6. January 2018	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3.-1	Elected and functional authorities for governing and managing bodies of AJPP from 2019.
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.2. QUALITY	2.2.8.	Personnel and technical upgrading followed by the provision of adequate spatial conditions	2.2.8.-1	Employment of professional staff, establishment of new appropriate organisational units, provision of adequate technical spatial conditions.	Provision of funds.	Government of RM	AJPP, MF	2021	23,300,000,00 denars	5 new employments, and the functioning of the AJPP in appropriate spatial and technical
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.2. QUALITY	2.2.8.	Personnel and technical upgrading followed by the provision of adequate spatial conditions	2.2.8.-2	Construction of new spatial conditions	Decision of the Government	Government of RM	MF, Government of RM	continuously from early 2019 to 2022	146,000,000,00 denars	New premises
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.2. QUALITY	2.2.9.	Functional system for probation and other alternative measures	2.2.9.-1	Trainings of judges who judge criminal matters in the field of alternative measures and probation, trainings of newly-elected probation officers., Strategy for Probation for the period 2018-2023	1. Programmes and training plans, 2. Working Group for the drafting of the Strategy.	MoJ- DES	AJPP, Macedonian Penological Association	1. June 2018 2. September 2018	IPA/ International assistance	Trained judges and probation officers from 2019. Adopted Strategy

2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.2. QUALITY	2.2.10.	Redefine the criteria for the election of jury judges and increase the fees for their work	2.2.10.-1	Introducing clear criteria for election of jury judge, as well as increasing the compensation provided for their work.	1. Setting up working groups for drafting a Law on the Courts with the involvement of expert, academic community and CS. 2. Use of comparative analyses 3. Drawing up draft law 4. Introduction of the public to the proposed legal solution (announcement by ENER and public discussion) 5. Submission of a proposed law to the Government of RM. 6. Proposed laws adopted by the Government of RM 7. Laws passed by the Assembly of RM	MoJ	MF, JCRM, SCRM, judges, Association of Judges, representative from LCA, CS	1. February 2018 2. April 2018 3. May 2018 4. and 5. June 2018 6. July 2018 7. September 2018	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3.-1	New jury judges elected and increased compensation for their work by 50% from 2019.
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.2. QUALITY	2.2.11.	Development of the human resources management within the judicial sector	2.2.11.-1	Preparation of the plan and program for assessment of the current situation regarding human resources within the judicial sector with guidelines for long term managing of this area	Analysing of the current situation with participation of domestic and international experts	MoJ	JCRM, JBC, CPPRM, MISA	Continuously from January 2018 till June 2018	IPA / International assistance/national budget-finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3.-1	Full scope of the human resources current situation and future needs
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.3. LIABILITY	2.3.1.	Legal criteria and procedure for determining personal liability of the members of JCRM and CPPRM	2.3.1.-1	Introduction of legal provisions on the grounds and procedure for personal liability of members of the Judicial Council and Council of Public Prosecutors	1. Setting up working groups for drafting legal solutions with the involvement of expert, academic community and CS. 2. Use of comparative analyses 3. Drawing up draft law 4. Introduction of the public to the proposed legal solution (announcement by ENER and public discussion) 5. Submission of a proposed law to the Government of RM. 6. Proposed laws adopted by the Government of RM 7. Laws passed by the Assembly of RM	MoJ	JCRM, SCRM, CPPRM, PPORM, Association of Judges, Association of Prosecutors	1. February 2018 2. April 2018 3. May 2018 4. and 5. June 2018 6. July 2018 7. September 2018	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3.-1	Initiated liability procedures for members of JCRM and CPPRM in accordance with the law.
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.3. LIABILITY	2.3.2.	Functional and transparent mechanisms for liability of judges	2.3.2.-1	Adoption of the Law on the Courts, the LJCRM, regarding: 1. Strengthening the disciplinary liability of the judge by clearly specifying the grounds for dismissing a judge with prescribing only the most severe disciplinary breaches as grounds for dismissal; 2. Quantitative data such as the percentage of repealed or modified decisions to constitute a ground for the judge's liability, but not a ground for dismissal of the judge.	1. Setting up working groups. 2. Use of comparative analyses 3. Drawing up draft laws 4. Introduction of the public to the proposed legal solution (announcement by ENER and public discussion) 5. Submission of a proposed law to the Government of RM. 6. Proposed laws adopted by the Government of RM 7. Laws passed by the Assembly of RM	MoJ	JCRM, Association of Judges	1. October 2017 2. -5 November 2017 6. December 2017 7. January 2018	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3.-1	Zero disciplinary procedures for the liability of judges without the presence of an expert public and without announcement of a reasoned decision on the JCRM website and a reduced number of filed and sustained appeals by judges against the JCRM decision from 2019.
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.3. LIABILITY	2.3.2.	Functional and transparent mechanisms for liability of judges	2.3.2.-2	Repeal the Law on the Council for Determination of Facts and Initiation of a Procedure for Establishment of Liability for a Judge and amending the LJCRM aiming at restoring its competence for the initiation and conduct of disciplinary proceedings	1. Setting up working groups. 2. Use of comparative analyses 3. Drawing up draft laws 4. Introduction of the public to the proposed legal solution (announcement by ENER and public discussion) 5. Submission of a proposed law to the Government of RM. 6. Proposed laws adopted by the Government of RM 7. Laws passed by the Assembly of RM	MoJ	JCRM, Association of Judges	August and November 2017	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3.-1	Repealed Council for Determination of the facts and Initiation of a Proceedings for Establishment of Liability for a Judge in determining responsibility for a judge 2017.

2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.3. LIABILITY	2.3.3.	Functional and transparent mechanisms for liability of public prosecutors	2.3.3.-1	Adoption of a LPPO and LSPPORM with regard to: 1. Strengthening disciplinary liability of the public prosecutor by clearly specifying the ground for liability and dismissal of a public prosecutor with prescribing only the most severe disciplinary breaches as a ground for dismissal; 2. Specifying quantitative and qualitative criteria for the liability of public prosecutors.	1. Setting up working groups for drafting legal solutions with the involvement of public prosecutors, (representative from SPPORM for LSPPORM), academic community and CS. 2. Use of comparative analyses 3. Drawing up draft law 4. Introduction of the public to the proposed legal solution (announcement by ENER and public discussion) 5. Submission of a proposed law to the Government of RM. 6. Proposed laws adopted by the Government of RM 7. Laws passed by the Assembly of RM	MoJ	Council of PP, PPORM	1. February 2018 2. April 2018 3. May 2018 4. and 5. June 2018 6. July 2018 7. September 2018	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3.-1	Zero disciplinary procedures for the liability of public prosecutors without the presence of an expert public and without announcement of a reasoned decision on the CPPRM website and a reduced number of filed and sustained appeals by judges against the CPPRM decision from 2019.
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.3. LIABILITY	2.3.4.	Unit within the PPO and the Ombudsman's Office for external control for following, monitoring and disclosing cases of overstepping and abuse of the official powers of the police	2.3.4-1	1. Introduction of legal provisions for new departments in the PPO and the Ombudsman's Office 2. Employment on a new staff and equipment 3. Special trainings for the public prosecutors and the staff within the special departments	1. Setting up working groups for drafting legal solutions with the involvement of expert, academic community and CS. 2. Drawing up draft laws 3. Introduction of the public to the proposed legal solution (announcement by ENER and public discussion) 4. Submission of a proposed law to the Government of RM. 5. Proposed laws adopted by the Government of RM 6. Laws passed by the Assembly of RM 7. Deployment of 3 prosecutors from the PPO for organized crime in the new department and 6 new employees in the special department as well 3 employees within the special department in the Ombudsman office 8. Training for the prosecutors and the staff within the special departments	MoJ	MoJ, PPORM, Ombudsman	1. October 2017 2. 3 and 4 November 2017 5. December 2017 6. January 2018 7. 2018-2019 8. Continuously 2018-2019	5.418.000,00 denars	Conducted procedures within the new departments from 2019.
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.3. LIABILITY	2.3.5.	Building culture and awareness of one's own personal and institutional liability in the work of the judiciary and the public prosecutor's office	2.3.5-1	1. Involve the Association of Judges and the Association of Public Prosecutors in monitoring the procedures for deciding on disciplinary liability through legal changes of JCRM and CPPRM 2. Strengthen the capacities of judicial ethics bodies within the Association of Judges and the Association of Public Prosecutors 3. Continuous trainings on ethical conduct within the AJPP	1. Regular attendance of associations in proceedings before JCRM and CPPRM 2. Election of professionals in the bodies of the associations 3. Preparation of a modern training program on the topic Ethical conduct	Association of Judges and Association of Public Prosecutors	AJPP	Continuously from November 2017	IPA / International assistance	Complaints on unethical behaviour by judges and public prosecutors and 100% published opinions from 2018 of the ethical advisory bodies.
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.3. LIABILITY	2.3.6.	Code of Judicial Ethics as a legal category	2.3.6-1	1. Introduction of a legal ground for the adoption of the Code of Judicial Ethics	1. Setting up working group for the drawing up of a Law on the Courts including the expert, academic community and CS. 2. Use of comparative analyses 3. Drawing up draft law 4. Introduction of the public to the proposed legal solution (announcement by ENER and public discussion) 5. Submission of a proposed law to the Government of RM. 6. Proposed laws adopted by the Government of RM 7. Laws passed by the Assembly of RM	1-5. MoJ	JCRM, Association of Judges, SCRM, Association of judicial service	1. February 2018 2. April 2018 3. May 2018 4. and 5. June 2018 6. July 2018 7. September 2018	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3.-1	Established statutory ground from 2019.
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.3. LIABILITY	2.3.6.	Code of Judicial Ethics as a legal category	2.3.6.-2	Establishment of an advisory body for judicial ethics in accordance with the Code	Election of members of the advisory body	Association of Judges		November 2017	does not cause fiscal implications	
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.4. EFFICIENCY	2.4.1.	Monitor judicial efficiency using the indicators defined in EU Justice Scoreboard (result list), CEPEJ and other international standards	2.4.1.-1.	Application of the Judicial Statistics Methodology to CEPEJ Standards and Advancement of the Court Statistics System	1. Analysis of the need for improving and upgrading court statistics software 2. Implementation of the system 3. Preparation of analyses and generation of reports according to the indicators from the Judicial Statistics Methodology	MoJ	JCRM	1. February 2018 2. Continuously from February 2018 3. Continuously from February 2018	IPA / International assistance	Established functional statistical system with generated reports from December 2018
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.4. EFFICIENCY	2.4.2.	Consistent implementation of the Action Plan for adjudicating the old cases and monitoring of the situation with undecided cases	2.4.2.-1	Functional working bodies set up in the courts to monitor the situation with the old and undecided cases and prepare a draft plan for overcoming the backlog of cases.	1. Submission of regular monthly reports to JCRM by the presidents of all courts for the old cases and for undecided cases 2. Preparation of an annual plan by the presidents of the courts to decide on the cases 3. Active monitoring of the situation with the adjudication on cases by a president of a court, higher court, JCRM and MoJ	JCRM, MoJ	all courts	Continuously	IPA / International assistance	Decreased number of old and undecided cases by 10% annually from 2019.

2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.4. EFFICIENCY	2.4.2.	Consistent implementation of the Action Plan for adjudicating the old cases and monitoring of the situation with undecided cases	2.4.2.-2	Introducing special tools for identifying and prioritising cases that could lead to violation of the principle of a trial within a reasonable time	Taking measures and activities by the president of a court and the working body in the court	JCRM, presidents of courts		Continuously	does not cause fiscal implications	Decreased number of old and undecided cases by 10% annually from 2019.
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.4. EFFICIENCY	2.4.3.	Harmonisation of the number of judges in the Republic of Macedonia with the European average per capita	2.4.3.-1	Optimisation of the number of judges with the number of cases in the courts according to European standards through the natural drain of judges (with retirement)	1. Analysis of the situation in order to comply with the European standards 2. Making decisions on the required number of judges in courts, according to the number of cases in each court and according to European criteria	JCRM		1. September 2018 2. Continuously from October 2018	IPA / International assistance	Reduced number of judges by 5% with 2022 inclusive
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.4. EFFICIENCY	2.4.4.	Enhancing of the judicial and prosecutorial service capacities	2.4.4.-1.	Alignment of the Law on judicial service and The Law on prosecutorial service with the Law on employees in public sector and the Law on administrative servants	1. Setting up working groups for amending the Law on Court Administration and Law on Public Prosecution Administration including representatives from the judicial/public prosecution administration. 2. Drawing up draft laws 3. Introduction of the public to the proposed legal solution (announcement by ENER and public discussion) 4. Submission of a proposed law to the Government of RM. 5. Proposed laws adopted by the Government of RM 6. Laws passed by the Assembly of RM	MoJ	Court Administration Council, MISA, Association of Court Administration	1. September 2018 2 and 3. November 2018 4. December 2018 5. January 2019 6. April 2019	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3.-1	Unified system of judicial and prosecutorial service with the public and administrative service
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.4. EFFICIENCY	2.4.5.	Full functionality of the web portal (www.sud.mk)	2.4.5.-1.	Regular updating of the court database (www.sud.mk)	1. Introduction of the public to the functionalities of the portal 2. Conducting public opinion survey about the use of the portal	JCRM and SCRM		Continuously	does not cause fiscal implications	Increased visiting of the www.sud.mk
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.4. EFFICIENCY	2.4.6.	Review the system of expert witnesses through legal amendments	2.4.6.-1.	Legal basis for transfer of powers of the system of court expertise in order to increase the efficiency	1. Setting up working group for amending the Law on Expertise and Law on organisation and operation of state bodies including the expert community 2. Prepared analysis of the situation 3. Drawing up draft laws 4. Introduction of the public to the proposed legal solution (announcement by ENER and public discussion) 5. Submission of a proposed law to the Government of RM. 6. Proposed laws adopted by the Government of RM 7. Laws passed by the Assembly of RM	MoJ and MISA	Chamber of Experts	1. September 2018 2. October 2018 3 and 4. December 2018 5. January 2019 6. February 2019 7. April 2019	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3.-1	Repealed Bureau for judicial expertise as an authority within the MoJ from December 2019 and establishing a functioning judicial expertise system
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.5. TRANSPARENCY	2.5.1.	Strengthen the transparency of the Judicial Council and the Council of Public Prosecutors	2.5.1.-1	Establishment of clear criteria, rules and procedures for publicity of the sessions of the Judicial Council and the Council of Public Prosecutors	1. Amendment to the JCRM and CPPRM Rules of Operation 2. Regular publication of the scheduled sessions, agenda and decisions taken 3. Access to sessions of the media and the SG	JCRM, CPPRM		1. September 2018 2 and 3. continuously	IPA / foreign/donor assistance	100% published decisions according to the legal provisions adopted by JCRM and CPPRM
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.5. TRANSPARENCY	2.5.1.	Strengthen the transparency of the Judicial Council and the Council of Public Prosecutors	2.5.1.-2	Publicly announcement of all decisions on the election, promotion and dismissal of judges and public prosecutors, as well as disciplinary decisions respecting the legal provisions regarding confidentiality of data by JCRM and CPPRM	1. Introduction of search tools for the decisions of the Judicial Council and the Council of Public Prosecutors 2. Organisation of briefings for the media, expert and scholarly community 3. Improvement of websites	JCRM, CPPRM		Continuously	IPA / foreign/donor assistance	100% published decisions adopted by JCRM and CPPRM
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.5. TRANSPARENCY	2.5.2.	Collection, processing and analysis of statistical data on the work of courts and public prosecutor's offices in JCRM and CPPRM	2.5.2.-1	Establishment of specialized organizational units for managing the system for collecting, processing and analysis of statistical data on the work of courts and public prosecutors in JCRM and CPPRM	1. Amendments to the acts of systematisation of the competent authorities 2. Strengthening the capacities of the officials in the specialised organizational units	JCRM, CPPRM	MISA	September 2018.	3.172.000,00 denars	Publicly available statistics from January 2019
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.5. TRANSPARENCY	2.5.3.	Strengthen the capacities for public relations	2.5.3.-1	Preparation of curricula and programmes and strengthening the communication skills and organising training for people in public relations and	Conducting trainings for people in public relations	AJPP		July 2018.	IPA / foreign/donor assistance	Trained persons for public relations
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.5. TRANSPARENCY	2.5.3.	Strengthen the capacities for public relations	2.5.3.-2	Developing Methodologies for Uniform Templates for Annual Reports	1. Forming working groups with representatives of MoJ, courts, public prosecutors, JCRM and CPPRM for the drawing up of Methodologies for Uniform Templates for Annual Reports 2. Prepared Methodologies for Uniform Templates for Annual Reports 3. Adopted Methodologies for Uniform Templates for Annual Reports	MoJ	JCRM, CPPRM	1. November 2017 2. February 2018 3. March 2018	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3.-1	Annual reports prepared according to the determined template from January 2019

2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.5. TRANSPARENCY	2.5.4.	Align the form of the annual reports of courts, public prosecutor's offices, JCRM, and CPPRM	2.5.4.-1	Revision of the court statistic Methodology regarding the form of the annual court reports	Preparation of the unified form for the annual court reports	MoJ	JCRM, CPPRM	Continuously from January 2018	does not cause fiscal implications	Published unified reports
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.5. TRANSPARENCY	2.5.5.	Strengthen the transparent work of the courts and the prosecution	2.5.5.-1	Availability of the Ministry of Justice reports on the controls carried out on the functioning of the ACCMIS and the system for allocation and management of cases in the Public Prosecutor's Office and the reports on the supervision over the application of the Court Rules of Procedure	1. Perform regular controls on the functioning of ACMS and the system in the public prosecutor's office 2. Preparation of reports from the conducted controls 3. Publication of the reports from the conducted regular controls on the functioning of ACMS and the system for allocation and management of cases in the PPO	MoJ		Continuously from January 2018	does not cause fiscal implications	Announced reports of the Ministry of Justice on conducted control
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.6. ACCESS TO JUSTICE 2.6.1. FREE LEGAL AID	2.6.1.1	Effective, efficient, and sustainable FLA system by adopting a new Law on Free Legal Aid	2.6.1.1-1	Adoption of a new Law on FLA in line with EU standards that will strengthen the system of prior legal assistance through: expanding the scope of FLA users, strengthening the capacities of the MoJ regional offices, extending the areas for enabled FLA excluding the criminal sphere, optimising the FLA legal fees and overseeing the quality of attorneys and associations that provide FLA	1. Set up a working group for drawing up the Law on Free Legal Aid including all stakeholders 2. Drawing up draft laws 3. Introduction of the public to the proposed legal solution (announcement by ENER and public discussion) 4. Submission of a proposed law to the Government of RM. 5. Proposed laws adopted by the Government of RM 6. Laws passed by the Assembly of RM 7. Drawing up and adopting bylaws	MoJ		1. Completed 2. Completed 3. November 4. December 2017 5. February 2018 6. April 2018 7. Three months after the adoption of the law	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3-1	100% increase in the number of cases using FLA in 2019 compared to 2016 and realisation of a budget foreseen for FLA greater than 50%
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.6. ACCESS TO JUSTICE 2.6.1. FREE LEGAL AID	2.6.1.1	Effective, efficient, and sustainable FLA system by adopting a new Law on Free Legal Aid	2.6.1.1-2	Trainings for employees in the MoJ regional offices for providing FLA and application of the LGAP	1. Creating training programs for the regional offices 2. Holding continuous trainings	MoJ		1. Three months after the adoption of the law 2. Continuously from January 2018 after the development of the trainings for the employees in the regional offices	foreign/donor assistance	Conducted 2 trainings annually to all employees in the regional offices
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.6. ACCESS TO JUSTICE 2.6.1. FREE LEGAL AID	2.6.1.1	Effective, efficient, and sustainable FLA system by adopting a new Law on Free Legal Aid	2.6.1.1-3	Establishment and strengthening of legal clinics at law faculties	1. Preparation of Memoranda of Cooperation between the MoJ and the Law Faculties 2. Signing Memoranda of Cooperation between the MoJ and the Law Faculties	MoJ		January 2018	does not cause fiscal implications	Implemented Memorandums
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.6. ACCESS TO JUSTICE 2.6.1. FREE LEGAL AID	2.6.1.2.	Improvement of the funding of the legal aid system by bringing it closer to the CEPEJ average value of expenses in terms of the GDP in the country	2.6.1.2.-1	Increased state budget that will correspond to the new FLA system	Proposed Budget for 2019	MoJ		July/August 2018	5.000.000,00 denars	50% increased budget for FLA in 2019 compared to 2016
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.6. ACCESS TO JUSTICE 2.6.1. FREE LEGAL AID	2.6.1.3.	Cooperation among all stakeholders in the FLA system	2.6.1.3.-1	Conclusion of memoranda of cooperation between all stakeholders in the FLA system	1. Preparation of the Draft Memorandum of Cooperation 2. Coordination meetings for the alignment of the memorandum 3. Signing Memoranda of Cooperation	MoJ	BRM, faculties of law, CS	60 days after the adoption of the Law	does not cause fiscal implications	Number of signed memoranda of cooperation
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.6. ACCESS TO JUSTICE 2.6.1. FREE LEGAL AID	2.6.1.4.	FLA awareness-raising	2.6.1.4.-1	Carrying out a media campaign, preparing brochures and manuals for familiarisation of FLA users, using social networks and other promotion tools	Engagement of media, production houses, publishing houses, professionals for Web Application Development, etc.	MoJ		Continuously	800.000,00 denars / donations	1. Designed and broadcast video for FLA 2. Printed and distributed 1,000 brochures / manuals

2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.6. ACCESS TO JUSTICE 2.6.2 ATTORNEYSHIP	2.6.2.1	The Bar to open law offices for the provision of free legal aid in the region of every court in RM	2.6.2.1-1	Adopt a BRM decision for opening / appointing FLA offices	1. Analysis of the situation with coverage in the country with law offices and detection of attorneys who are registered for giving FLA 2. Determination of FLA law offices in each area in the country based on conducted analyses 3. Decision of the MB of BRM to establish a law offices for FLA	BRM		Three months after the entry into force of LFLA	does not cause fiscal implications	At least one open FLA office in the area of a court of first instance
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.6. ACCESS TO JUSTICE 2.6.2 ATTORNEYSHIP	2.6.2.2	Improvement of the cooperation between the MoJ and the BRM in connection with the content and practical application of the legal fees, in order to improve access to justice in accordance with the objectives of this Strategy	2.6.2.2-1	Re-examination of the methodology for setting a legal fee to reduce the legal fee in order to enable citizens access to qualitative legal services	1. Establishment of a working group to analyse the situation with the application of the legal fee from 2016 comprised of attorneys, MoJ, notaries, enforcement agents, CS, representatives of the Chamber of Commerce and detect the problems 2. Examination of customer satisfaction from the quality and costs for legal services 3. Creation of methodology for determining the prices of legal services 4. Determination of special provisions in the fee for <i>ex officio</i> defence attorneys	1. BRM, MoJ 2. BRM, CS 3. BRM 4. BRM		1. March 2018 2. Continupus from March 2018 3. March - September 2018 4. September 2018	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3-1	New grading of the legal fee
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.6. ACCESS TO JUSTICE 2.6.2 ATTORNEYSHIP	2.6.2.2	Improvement of the cooperation between the MoJ and the BRM in connection with the content and practical application of the legal fees, in order to improve access to justice in accordance with the objectives of this Strategy	2.6.2.2-2	Determination of special tariff for legal services according to Law on free legal aid	Decision of the MB of BRM for introducing referential provisions in the Legal Fees on the application of the provisions of the LFLA	BRM		Three months after the entry into force of LFLA	does not cause fiscal implications	New grading of the legal fee
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.6. ACCESS TO JUSTICE 2.6.2 ATTORNEYSHIP	2.6.2.3	Comprehensive analysis of the existing legal position and work of the attorneyship and commence its reform in accordance with the reforms in other segments of the justice sector	2.6.2.3. -1	Preparation of amendments to the Law on Attorneyship	1. Set up a working group for drawing up an analysis including representatives of the BRM and MoJ. 2. Setting up a working group for amending the Law on Attorneyship 3. Drawing up draft laws 4. Introduction of the public to the proposed legal solution (announcement by ENER and public discussion) 5. Submission of a proposed law to the Government of RM. 6. Proposed law adopted by the Government of RM 7. Law passed by the Assembly of RM	MoJ, BRM	BRM	1. January 2019 2. October 2019 3. January 2020 4. January 2020 5 and 6. March 2020 7. May 2020	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3-1	Implemented reform of the system of attorneyship January 2021
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.6. ACCESS TO JUSTICE 2.6.3 ENFORCEMENT	2.6.3.1	Strengthen the professional capacities of the enforcement agents, simplification of the enforcement procedure, enforcement costs reduction, appropriate design of the exam for enforcement agents and the manner of taking the examination	2.6.3.1-1	Change in the Law on Enforcement to strengthen the professional capacities of the enforcement agents, simplify enforcement, reduce the costs of enforcement, adequately design the exam for enforcement agents and the manner of its taking	1. Set up a working group for drawing up the Law on Enforcement including representatives from the BRM, NCRM, CEARM, the Ombudsman, Chambers of Commerce and scholars 2. Drawing up draft law 3. Incorporation of the relevant opinions and indications of the quality and cost of enforcement submitted by the business community. 4. Introduction of the public to the proposed legal solution (announcement by ENER and public discussion) 5. Submission of a proposed law to the Government of RM. 6. Proposed law adopted by the Government of RM 7. Law passed by the Assembly of RM	MoJ	BRM, NCRM, CEARM, Ombudsman, Chambers of Commerce	1. Completed 2. and 3 October 2017 4. November 2017 5. November 2017 6. December 2017 7. February 2018	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3-1	reduced enforcement costs and implemented new mode of taking the exam for enforcement agent
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.6. ACCESS TO JUSTICE 2.6.3 ENFORCEMENT	2.6.3.1	Strengthen the professional capacities of the enforcement agents, simplification of the enforcement procedure, enforcement costs reduction, appropriate design of the exam for enforcement agents and the manner of taking the	2.6.3.1-2	Preparation of the bylaws that will result from the legal changes in order to operationalise the legal solutions	1. Formation of a mixed (MoJ and CEARM) working group for the preparation of the bylaws 2. Drafting proposed bylaws 3. Adoption of bylaws	MoJ		Three months after the adoption of the Law on Enforcement	does not cause fiscal implications	reduced enforcement costs a implemented new way of taking an enforcement exam
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.6. ACCESS TO JUSTICE 2.6.3 ENFORCEMENT	2.6.3.2	Continuous monitoring of the enforcement effects and the quality of work of the enforcement agents	2.6.3.2-1	Establishment of a unified software system for record keeping and case management with enforcement agents and CEARM	1. Establishment of a working group for preparation of acts in CEARM for the establishment of a unified software system 2. Drafting of acts and submission to MoJ for opinion 3. Adoption of acts	MoJ and CEARM		June-December 2018	does not cause fiscal implications	Established software system
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.6. ACCESS TO JUSTICE 2.6.3 ENFORCEMENT	2.6.3.2	Continuous monitoring of the enforcement effects and the quality of work of the enforcement agents	2.6.3.2-2	Connection of the CEARM system with MoJ, ACMS and other state institutions	1. Establishment of an inter-ministerial working group for the preparation of acts for connecting the CEARM systems with other institutions 2. Drafting of acts and submission to the MoJ and other institutions for opinion 3. Adoption of acts	MoJ and CEARM		September - December 2019	does not cause fiscal implications	Established software system

2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.6. ACCESS TO JUSTICE 2.6.3 ENFORCEMENT	2.6.3.2	Continuous monitoring of the enforcement effects and the quality of work of the enforcement agents	2.6.3.2-3	Public opinion survey	1. Conduct a public opinion survey regarding the quality and costs of enforcement 2. Summarising the results of the survey and creating policies for further development of the profession	MoJ	CS	Continuously from 2018	180.000,00 denars / donation	Announced results of conducted surveys for satisfaction of the users of services and the general public
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.6. ACCESS TO JUSTICE 2.6.4 NOTARYSHIP	2.6.4.1	Strengthen the professional capacities of the notaryship and increase the efficiency of their work	2.6.4.1-1	Change in the Law on Notaryship for redefinition of the notary act, simplified handling, increased efficiency, reduced costs, simplified procedure for appointment and design of the notary exam	1. Set up a working group for drawing up the Law on Notaryship including representatives from the BRM, NCRM, CEARM, the Ombudsman, Chambers of Commerce and scholars 2. Drawing up draft law 3. Incorporation of the relevant opinions and indications of the quality and cost of enforcement submitted by the business community. 4. Introduction of the public to the proposed legal solution (announcement by ENER and public discussion) 5. Submission of a proposed law to the Government of RM. 6. Proposed law adopted by the Government of RM 7. Law passed by the Assembly of RM	MoJ	BRM, NCRM, CEARM, the Ombudsman, Chambers of Commerce	1. Completed 2. and 3 October 2017 4. November 2017 5. November 2017 6. December 2017 7. February 2018	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3-1	Report of the International Union of the Latin Notaryship with established conditions regarding the compliance of the notaryship in RM, compared to 2016
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.6. ACCESS TO JUSTICE 2.6.4 NOTARYSHIP	2.6.4.1	Strengthen the professional capacities of the notaryship and increase the efficiency of their work	2.6.4.1-2	Preparation of the bylaws that will result from the legal changes in order to operationalise the legal solutions	1. Formation of a mixed (MoJ and NCRM) working group for the preparation of the bylaws 2. Drafting proposed bylaws 3. Adoption of bylaws	MoJ		Three months after the adoption of the Law on Notaryship	does not cause fiscal implications	Published Rulebook in the Official Gazette of RM
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.6. ACCESS TO JUSTICE 2.6.4 NOTARYSHIP	2.6.4.2	Restore the notary act in accordance with the principles of the Latin notaryship	2.6.4.2-1	Change in the Law on Notaryship to reestablish the notary act	1. Set up a working group for drawing up the Law on Notaryship including representatives from the BRM, NCRM, CEARM, the Ombudsman, Chambers of Commerce and scholars 2. Drawing up draft law 3. Incorporation of the relevant opinions and indications of the quality and cost of enforcement submitted by the business community. 4. Introduction of the public to the proposed legal solution (announcement by ENER and public discussion) 5. Submission of a proposed law to the Government of RM. 6. Proposed law adopted by the Government of RM 7. Law passed by the Assembly of RM	MoJ	BRM, NCRM, CEARM, Ombudsman, Chambers of Commerce	1. Completed 2. and 3 October 2017 4. November 2017 5. November 2017 6. December 2017 7. February 2018	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3-1	Restored notary act in the legal turnover from February 2018
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.6. ACCESS TO JUSTICE 2.6.4 NOTARYSHIP	2.6.4.3	Monitor the results and quality of notaryship	2.6.4.3-1	Establishment of a single software system for record keeping and management of cases at notaries and NCRM	1. Establishing of a working group for preparation of bylaws within the Notary chamber 2. Preparation of bylaws and achieving positive opinion of Mojo and other institutions 3. Adoption of bylaws	MoJ and NCRM		June-December 2018	does not cause fiscal implications	Established software system
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.6. ACCESS TO JUSTICE 2.6.4 NOTARYSHIP	2.6.4.3	Monitor the results and quality of notaryship	2.6.4.3-2	Connecting the NCRM system with MoJ, ACMIS and other state institutions	1. Establishing of the intersectoral working group for preparation of bylaws for interconnection of the systems of NC with other institutions 2. Preparation of bylaws and achieving positive opinion of Mojo and other institutions 3. Adoption of bylaws	MoJ and NCRM		September - December 2019	does not cause fiscal implications	Functional interoperability
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.6. ACCESS TO JUSTICE 2.6.4 NOTARYSHIP	2.6.4.3	Monitor the results and quality of notaryship	2.6.4.3-3	Public opinion survey	1. Performing public survey regarding quality and expencies of notary services 2. Suming of the survey results and developing policy for future development of the profession	MoJ and CS		Continuously from 2018	does not cause fiscal implications	Announced results of conducted surveys for satisfaction of the users of services and the general public
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.6. ACCESS TO JUSTICE 2.6.5 MEDIATION	2.6.5.1	Improve the concept of mediation	2.6.5.1-1	Review of the exam for mediators; Introduction of electronic service; Synchronisation of keeping registers.	1. Set up a WG for drawing up the Law on Mediation 2. Drawing up draft law 3. Introduction of the public to the proposed legal solution (announcement by ENER and public discussion) 4. Submission of a proposed law to the Government of RM. 5. Proposed law adopted by the Government of RM 6. Law passed by the Assembly of RM	MoJ	CMRM	1. January 2018 2. and 3 March 2018 4. May 2018 5. June 2018 6. September 2018	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3-1	Conducted exams; established electronic service; harmonised registers from January 2019

2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.6. ACCESS TO JUSTICE 2.6.5 MEDIATION	2.6.5.2	Frequent use of mediation by public authorities	2.6.5.2-1	Enabling preconditions and encouraging public authorities to resolve mutual disputes through mediation.	1. The GRM adopts the Conclusion with a recommendation to the Attorney General's Office and the Public Enterprises in the property legal disputes they plan to initiate (if they are suitable for mediation) to try to resolve them previously by mediation. 2. The GRM adopts a Conclusion with a recommendation to the Attorney General's Office and the Public Enterprises in the property legal disputes when they are being sued to propose to resolve the dispute through mediation.	Government of RM		May 2018.	does not cause fiscal implications	increase in cases of AG decided by means of mediation by 10% annually starting from 2019.
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.6. ACCESS TO JUSTICE 2.6.5 MEDIATION	2.6.5.3	Stimulate the application of mediation in court proceedings	2.6.5.3-1	Increased use of mediation in: 1. proceedings relating to justice for children; 2. proceedings against journalists for defamation and insult; 3. consumer disputes, 4. insurance disputes.	1. Analysis of the necessary financial resources, Decision of the Government for allocation of the financial resources for the PPO and the Decision of the Court Budget Council for determining the funds for the use of mediation in mediable cases from the LJC. 2. Analysis of the real number of cases and adopted position at a general session of the Supreme Court.	MoJ	Government of RM, PPORM, JCRM, CBC, SCRM, CMRM, Association for Protection of Consumers	1. March 2018 2. May 2018	does not cause fiscal implications	10% of the cases decided by means of mediation annually from 2019.
2. STRATEGIC GOALS OF THE JUDICIAL REFORM	2.6. ACCESS TO JUSTICE 2.6.5 MEDIATION	2.6.5.4	Promote the benefits of mediation for raising awareness	2.6.5.4-1	1. Concluding a Memorandum between CMRM and AJPP, Chambers of eCommerce and MoJ. 2. Informing and communicating the public about the advantages of mediation.	1. Training of judges for the application of the European Commission Directive on Mediation in Civil and Commercial Disputes of 2008 and the Directive on Mediation in Consumer Disputes. 2. Making brochures, preparing a media campaign and other promotional materials.	MoJ, CMRM, Economic Chambers, AJPP		may 18	1.400.000,00 denars	Conducted public opinion survey
3. STRATEGIC PLANNING AND POLICY MAKING	3.1. STRATEGIC PLANNING AND POLICY MAKING	3.1.1.	Coordination of the reform in the judiciary	3.1.1.-1	Establishment of a separate organisational unit within the Ministry of Justice in order to coordinate, monitor and harmonise all reform activities: 1. gathering data from other organisational units for preparing reports and providing incentives and professional assistance for the implementation of the set goals; 2. continuous promotion and support for the entire process and organisational unit and providing technical and expert assistance to the Judicial Reform Council. 3. A matrix with indicators for monitoring judicial reforms	1. Amendments to the Rulebook on Systematisation and Organisation of Jobs of MoJ. 2. Creation of the matrix in cooperation with the CS and scholar institutions	MoJ	MISA, MF	Continuously from May 2018 to 2022	does not cause fiscal implications	Created functional organisational unit within the MoJ
3. STRATEGIC PLANNING AND POLICY MAKING	3.1. STRATEGIC PLANNING AND POLICY MAKING	3.1.1.	Coordination of the reform in the judiciary	3.1.1-2	Establishment of separate organisational units responsible for supporting institutional and sectorial reform in their own institution: JCRM, CPPRM.	Amendment of the Rulebooks for systematisation and organisation of jobs.	JCRM, CPPRM		May 2018.	does not cause fiscal implications	Created functional organisational units within the JCRM and CPPRM.
3. STRATEGIC PLANNING AND POLICY MAKING	3.1. STRATEGIC PLANNING AND POLICY MAKING	3.1.2.	Active role of the Judicial Reform Council	3.1.2.-1	Regular sessions of the Council with concrete proposals and opinions and guidelines for the legal acts in process of preparation under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Justice.	Included members of the Judicial Reform Council in the working groups for drawing up legal acts.	MoJ	Reform Council, Government of RM and Assembly of RM	Continuously from October 2017	does not cause fiscal implications	Posted announcements on the MoJ's website and adopted laws with the participation of Council members in working groups for drafting laws.
3. STRATEGIC PLANNING AND POLICY MAKING	3.1. STRATEGIC PLANNING AND POLICY MAKING	3.1.3.	Establishing, coordination and financing of the working groups for preparations of analyses and legal projects for Strategy implementation	3.1.3.-1	Establishing of the working groups for reforms into: - criminal justice area; - judiciary; - civil justice area ; - administrative justice and misdemeanour area	Decisions of the Minister of justice for establishing of the working groups by certain areas for preparation of analyses and laws for strategy implementation	MoJ	Representatives from the judiciary sector institutions	Continuously from July 2017-2020	3.000.000, 00 denars	Published laws in the Official gazette of RM prepared according performed and published analyses
3. STRATEGIC PLANNING AND POLICY MAKING	3.1. STRATEGIC PLANNING AND POLICY MAKING	3.1.4.	Monitoring of the implementation of the Strategy	3.1.4.-1	Establishment of a body headed by the President of the Government of the Republic of Macedonia, which will include the Minister of Justice, the Minister of Finance and other representatives of the Government of the Republic of Macedonia, as well as other representatives of the relevant	Regular coordination and monitoring of the data obtained from MoJ, monitoring of the indicators of the AP of the Strategy.	GRM	MoJ, SEA	January 2018.	does not cause fiscal implications	Conclusions of the Government for the realisation of the strategic goals and guidelines

4. JUDICIAL INSTITUTIONS, OTHER INSTITUTIONS SERVING THE JUDICIAL SECTOR	4.1. JUDICIAL INSTITUTIONS 4.1.1. COURTS	4.1.1.1.	Optimisation of the court network	4.1.1.1.-1	Analysis of the court network and the number of courts in the Republic of Macedonia in order to optimise the number of courts through amendments to the Law on the Courts.	1. Set up a working group for drawing up the Law on the Courts including expert, academic community and CS. 2. Use of comparative analyses 3. Drawing up draft law 4. Introduction of the public to the proposed legal solution (announcement by ENER and public discussion) 5. Submission of a proposed law to the Government of RM. 6. Proposed law adopted by the Government of RM 7. Law passed by the Assembly of RM	MoJ	JCRM, Association of Judges, SCRM, Association of judicial service	1. February 2018 2. April 2018 3. May 2018 4. and 5. June 2018 6. July 2018 7. September 2018	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3.-1	20% reduced number of courts in 2019
4. JUDICIAL INSTITUTIONS, OTHER INSTITUTIONS SERVING THE JUDICIAL SECTOR	4.1. JUDICIAL INSTITUTIONS 4.1.1. COURTS	4.1.1.2.	Specialisation of judges	4.1.1.2.-1	Legal regulation of the criteria for preparation of the Annual Work Schedule for Judges according to the ratio of the severity of the case with the years of service as a judge and experience.	1. Set up a working group for the Law on the Courts 2. Use of comparative analyses 3. Drawing up draft laws 4. Introduction of the public to the proposed legal solution (announcement by ENER and public discussion) 5. Submission of a proposed law to the Government of RM. 6. Proposed law adopted by the Government of RM 7. Law passed by the Assembly of RM 8. Opinion on Draft Rules of Procedure for Amending the Court Rules of Procedure submitted to the General Session of the SCRM 9. Rulebook adopted by the Minister of Justice following a previous opinion from the General Session of the SCRM	MoJ	1. -7. JCRM, Association of Judges, SCRM, Association of judicial service 8. General session of SCRM 9. Minister of Justice	Law on the Courts 1. February 2018 2. April 2018 3. May 2018 4. and 5. June 2018 6. July 2018 7. September 2018 Court Rules of Procedure 8. November 2018 9. December 2018	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3.-1	100% assigned judges with Annual Work Schedule (passed in legal procedure), according to their specialisation and the ratio of the complexity of the case with the years of service as a judge and experience
4. JUDICIAL INSTITUTIONS, OTHER INSTITUTIONS SERVING THE JUDICIAL SECTOR	4.1. JUDICIAL INSTITUTIONS 4.1.1. COURTS	4.1.1.3.	Specialisation of judges	4.1.1.3.-1	Legal grounds and limitations for the extraordinary modification of the Annual Work Schedule for Judges throughout the year	1. Set up a working group for the Law on the Courts 2. Use of comparative analyses 3. Drawing up draft laws 4. Introduction of the public to the proposed legal solution (announcement by ENER and public discussion) 5. Submission of a proposed law to the Government of RM. 6. Proposed law adopted by the Government of RM 7. Law passed by the Assembly of RM 8. Proposed Rules of Procedure for Amending the Court Rules of Procedure submitted to the General Session of the SCRM 9. Rulebook adopted by the Minister of Justice following a previous opinion from the General Session of the SCRM	Ministry of Justice	1. -7. JCRM, Association of Judges, SCRM, Association of judicial service 8. General session of SCRM 9. Minister of Justice	Law on the Courts 1. February 2018 2. April 2018 3. May 2018 4. and 5. June 2018 6. July 2018 7. September 2018 Court Rules of Procedure 8. November 2018 9. December 2018	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3.-1	Zero extraordinary amended Annual Work Schedule without legal ground
4. JUDICIAL INSTITUTIONS, OTHER INSTITUTIONS SERVING THE JUDICIAL SECTOR	4.1. JUDICIAL INSTITUTIONS 4.1.1. COURTS	4.1.1.3.	Specialisation of judges	4.1.1.3.-2	Legal requirements for specialised judges for dealing with cases of the SPPORM and the field of international cooperation.	1. Set up a working group for the Law on the Courts 2. Use of comparative analyses 3. Drawing up draft laws 4. Introduction of the public to the proposed legal solution (announcement by ENER and public discussion) 5. Submission of a proposed law to the Government of RM. 6. Proposed law adopted by the Government of RM 7. Law passed by the Assembly of RM 8. Proposed Rules of Procedure for Amending the Court Rules of Procedure submitted to the General Session of the SCRM 9. Rulebook adopted by the Minister of Justice following a previous opinion from the General Session of the SCRM	Ministry of Justice	1. -7. JCRM, Association of Judges, SCRM, Association of judicial service 8. General session of SCRM 9. Minister of Justice	Law on the Courts 1. February 2018 2. April 2018 3. May 2018 4. and 5. June 2018 6. July 2018 7. September 2018 Court Rules of Procedure 8. November 2018 9. December 2018	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3.-1	100% allocated cases of the SPPO and from the field of international cooperation with specialised judges for dealing with cases from 2019
4. JUDICIAL INSTITUTIONS, OTHER INSTITUTIONS SERVING THE JUDICIAL SECTOR	4.1. JUDICIAL INSTITUTIONS 4.1.2. JUDICIAL COUNCIL OF THE REPUBLIC OF MACEDONIA	4.1.2.1.	Ensuring and guaranteeing the independence, professionalism and liability of the members of the Judicial Council	4.1.2.1.-1	Improving the criteria for electing the members of JCRM from among the most experienced judges who at least meet the requirement to perform a judge's function in the courts of Appeal.	1. Set up a working group for the drawing up of the Law on the Courts and LJCRM by including the expert, academic community and CS. 2. Use of comparative analyses 3. Drawing up draft laws 4. Introduction of the public to the proposed legal solution (announcement by ENER and public discussion) 5. Submission of a proposed law to the Government of RM. 6. Proposed law adopted by the Government of RM 7. Law passed by the Assembly of RM	MoJ	JCRM, Association of Judges, SCRM, Association of judicial service	1. September 2017 2. October 2017 3. and 4. February 2018 5. and 6. April 2018 7. June 2018	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3.-1	Elected new members of JCRM
4. JUDICIAL INSTITUTIONS, OTHER INSTITUTIONS SERVING THE JUDICIAL SECTOR	4.1. JUDICIAL INSTITUTIONS 4.1.2. JUDICIAL COUNCIL OF THE REPUBLIC OF MACEDONIA	4.1.2.1.	Ensuring and guaranteeing the independence, professionalism and liability of the members of the Judicial Council	4.1.2.1.-2	Withholding the right to vote of the President of the Supreme Court in the work of the Judicial Council	1. Set up a working group for the drawing up of the Law on the Judicial Council of RM by including the expert, academic community and CS. 2. Use of comparative analyses 3. Drawing up draft laws 4. Introduction of the public to the proposed legal solution (announcement by ENER and public discussion) 5. Submission of a proposed law to the Government of RM. 6. Proposed law adopted by the Government of RM 7. Law passed by the Assembly of RM	MoJ	JCRM, Association of Judges, SCRM, Association of judicial service	1. February 2018 2. April 2018 3. May 2018 4. and 5. June 2018 6. July 2018 7. September 2018	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3.-1	The President of the Supreme Court of RM attends the sessions of the JCRM without a right to vote

4. JUDICIAL INSTITUTIONS, OTHER INSTITUTIONS SERVING THE JUDICIAL SECTOR	4.1. JUDICIAL INSTITUTIONS 4.1.2. JUDICIAL COUNCIL OF THE REPUBLIC OF MACEDONIA	4.1.2.1	Ensuring and guaranteeing the independence, professionalism and liability of the members of the Judicial Council	4.1.2.1-3	De-professionalisation of members of the Judicial Council, excluding the President of the Council	1. Set up a working group for the drawing up of the Law on the Courts by including the expert, academic community and CS. 2. Use of comparative analyses 3. Drawing up draft law 4. Introduction of the public to the proposed legal solution (announcement by ENER and public discussion) 5. Submission of a proposed law to the Government of RM. 6. Proposed law adopted by the Government of RM 7. Law passed by the Assembly of RM	MoJ	JCRM, Association of Judges, SCRM, Association of judicial service	1. February 2018 2. April 2018 3. May 2018 4. and 5. June 2018 6. July 2018 7. September 2018	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3-1	Electing judges for members of the JCRM under the new statutory criteria.
4. JUDICIAL INSTITUTIONS, OTHER INSTITUTIONS SERVING THE JUDICIAL SECTOR	4.1. JUDICIAL INSTITUTIONS 4.1.2. JUDICIAL COUNCIL OF THE REPUBLIC OF MACEDONIA	4.1.2.2	Strengthening the transparency of the work of the Judicial Council	4.1.2.2-1	Public announcement of conclusions, statistical analyses and reports of JCRM	1. Introduction of search tools for decisions of the Judicial Council 2. Organising briefings for the media, experts and scholars 3. Improvement of websites	JCRM	Media, CS	Continuously until 2022	IPA/foreign/donor assistance	Posted decisions, conclusions, analyses and reports on the website of the JCRM
4. JUDICIAL INSTITUTIONS, OTHER INSTITUTIONS SERVING THE JUDICIAL SECTOR	4.1. JUDICIAL INSTITUTIONS 4.1.2. JUDICIAL COUNCIL OF THE REPUBLIC OF MACEDONIA	4.1.2.3	Restore JCRM's jurisdiction to initiate and conduct disciplinary proceedings	4.1.2.3-1	Abolition of the Law on the Council for Determination of Facts and Initiation of a Procedure for Establishment of Liability for a Judge	1. Set up a working group 2. Drawing up draft laws 3. Introduction of the public to the proposed legal solution (announcement by ENER and public discussion) 4. Submission of a proposed law to the Government of RM. 5. Proposed law adopted by the Government of RM 6. Law passed by the Assembly of RM	MoJ	JCRM	1-2. August 2017 3. October 2017 4. November 2017 5. December 2017 6. February 2018	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3-1	100 % referred proceedings to be handled by the JCRM as the competent body
4. JUDICIAL INSTITUTIONS, OTHER INSTITUTIONS SERVING THE JUDICIAL SECTOR	4.1. JUDICIAL INSTITUTIONS 4.1.2. JUDICIAL COUNCIL OF THE REPUBLIC OF MACEDONIA	4.1.2.3	Restore JCRM's jurisdiction to initiate and conduct disciplinary proceedings	4.1.2.3-2	Amending the LJCRM so that members who were involved in the initiation of the disciplinary procedure and "investigators" shall not participate in the process of ruling in the specific disciplinary case as "judges".	1. Set up a working group for the drawing up of the Law on the JCRM by including the expert, academic community and CS. 2. Use of comparative analyses 3. Drawing up draft laws 4. Introduction of the public to the proposed legal solution (announcement by ENER and public discussion) 5. Submission of a proposed law to the Government of RM. 6. Proposed law adopted by the Government of RM 7. Law passed by the Assembly of RM	MoJ	JCRM, Association of Judges	1-2. August 2017 3. October 2017 4. November 2017 5. December 2017 6. February 2018	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3-1	Decreased number of submitted and adopted appeals of judges against a decision of JCRM
4. JUDICIAL INSTITUTIONS, OTHER INSTITUTIONS SERVING THE JUDICIAL SECTOR	4.1. JUDICIAL INSTITUTIONS 4.1.3. PUBLIC PROSECUTOR'S OFFICE OF THE REPUBLIC OF MACEDONIA	4.1.3.1	Harmonisation of the Law on Public Prosecutor's Office with the Criminal Procedure Code	4.1.3.1-1	Adoption of a new Law on the Public Prosecutor's Office	1. Set up a working group by including public prosecutors, representatives from the CPPRM, Association of Public Prosecutors, academic community, CS, the Ombudsman, judges and attorneys. 2. Comparative analyses and consideration of the possible legal solutions 3. Drawing up draft law 4. Introduction of the public to the proposed legal solution (announcement by ENER and public discussion) 5. Submission of a proposed law to the Government of RM. 6. Proposed law adopted by the Government of RM 7. Law passed by the Assembly of RM	MoJ		1. February 2018 2. April 2018 3. May 2018 4. and 5. June 2018 6. July 2018 7. September 2018	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3-1	Adopted new Law on the Public Prosecutor's Office
4. JUDICIAL INSTITUTIONS, OTHER INSTITUTIONS SERVING THE JUDICIAL SECTOR	4.1. JUDICIAL INSTITUTIONS 4.1.3. PUBLIC PROSECUTOR'S OFFICE OF THE REPUBLIC OF MACEDONIA	4.1.3.2	Establishment of investigative centres	4.1.3.2-1	Operationalisation of the legal solution in practice	1. Deciding on the establishment of the necessary number of investigative centres 2. Provision of spatial and material-technical conditions 3. Staffing of the investigative centres	PPORM	MoJ, MF and MoI	1. March 2018. 2 and 3 September 2018.	26.052.000,00 denars, - The finances for buildings are provided in point 4.1.3.5-1,	Established and functional IC at least 2 in December 2018.
4. JUDICIAL INSTITUTIONS, OTHER INSTITUTIONS SERVING THE JUDICIAL SECTOR	4.1. JUDICIAL INSTITUTIONS 4.1.3. PUBLIC PROSECUTOR'S OFFICE OF THE REPUBLIC OF MACEDONIA	4.1.3.3	Establishment of a system for electronic allocation of cases and consistent implementation of the case management system	4.1.3.3-1	Application of the principle of uncertainty in the allocation of cases	1. Upgrading the system 2. Technical equipment 3. Improve and maintain the network	PPORM	MoJ	Continuously from January 2018	does not cause fiscal implications	A functional system for electronic assignment of cases that is continuously applied in the daily work of the public prosecutor's offices
4. JUDICIAL INSTITUTIONS, OTHER INSTITUTIONS SERVING THE JUDICIAL SECTOR	4.1. JUDICIAL INSTITUTIONS 4.1.3. PUBLIC PROSECUTOR'S OFFICE OF THE REPUBLIC OF MACEDONIA	4.1.3.4	Budgetary and financial management	4.1.3.4-1	Strengthening the capacities for budget planning and financial management	1. Preparation of analysis with proposed measures for overcoming the identified weaknesses 2. Adoption of by-laws 3. Staffing 4. Technical equipping 5. Continuous trainings	PPORM	AJPP and MF	1. May 2018 2. December 2018 3 and 4 January 2019 5. March 2019	8.300.000,00 denars	Employed and trained personnel from June 2019 Functional technical equipment from March 2019

4. JUDICIAL INSTITUTIONS, OTHER INSTITUTIONS SERVING THE JUDICIAL SECTOR	4.1. JUDICIAL INSTITUTIONS 4.1.3. PUBLIC PROSECUTOR'S OFFICE OF THE REPUBLIC OF MACEDONIA	4.1.3.5	Spatial separation of the public prosecutors from the courts	4.1.3.5 -1	Providing separate premises for the public prosecutor's offices located in the court premises	1. Provision of funds 2. Finding / building premises 3. Material technical equipment	PPORM	MoJ and MF	Continuously from 2018.	117.000.000,00 denars National Budget/ IPA 1.900.000 EUR	Work of the public prosecutor's offices in new premises
4. JUDICIAL INSTITUTIONS, OTHER INSTITUTIONS SERVING THE JUDICIAL SECTOR	4.1. JUDICIAL INSTITUTIONS 4.1.3. PUBLIC PROSECUTOR'S OFFICE OF THE REPUBLIC OF MACEDONIA	4.1.3.6	Increasing the staff in the public prosecutor's office	4.1.3.6 -1	Employment of professional staff according to legal criteria	1. Provision of funds 2. Implementation of a recruitment procedure 3. Training of employees in the public prosecutor's administration	PPORM	MF	Continuously from June 2018	7.596.000,00 denars for human capacities and equipment	Number of employees in public prosecutor's administration increased by 30% by 2022
4. JUDICIAL INSTITUTIONS, OTHER INSTITUTIONS SERVING THE JUDICIAL SECTOR	4.1. JUDICIAL INSTITUTIONS 4.1.3. PUBLIC PROSECUTOR'S OFFICE OF THE REPUBLIC OF MACEDONIA	4.1.3.7	Establishment of interoperability of the public prosecutor's office with MoJ, FPA, FIA, CARM, PRO, AMSP, courts, penitentiary institutions and the Bar	4.1.3.7 -1	Electronic connection of the systems, strengthening and improving the cooperation	1. Provision of equipment for electronic networking, 2. Providing means for maintaining the systems 3. Trainings for using the interoperability system	PPORM	MoJ, MISA, AJPP	1. January 2019 2 and 3 continuously from 2019	IPA/ foreign/donor assistance	Established interoperability of the Public Prosecutor's Office with other competent institutions in 2020
4. JUDICIAL INSTITUTIONS, OTHER INSTITUTIONS SERVING THE JUDICIAL SECTOR	4.1. JUDICIAL INSTITUTIONS 4.1.3. PUBLIC PROSECUTOR'S OFFICE OF THE REPUBLIC OF MACEDONIA	4.1.3.8	Optimisation of the structure of the public prosecutor's office	4.1.3.8 -1	1. Comprehensive analysis of the structure of the PPO on the territory of RM in correlation with the analysis of the organisation of the court network 2. Adoption of a new Law on the Public Prosecutor's Office so that the structure of the Public Prosecutor's Office follows the judicial organisational setup	1. Set up a working group by including public prosecutors, judges, academic community, civil sector, and experts from the EU. 2. Drawing up draft law 3. Introduction of the public to the proposed legal solution (announcement by ENER and public discussion) 4. Submission of a proposed law to the Government of RM. 5. Proposed law adopted by the Government of RM 6. Law passed by the Assembly of RM	MoJ	PPORM	1. February 2018 2. April 2018 3. May 2018 4. and 5. June 2018 6. July 2018 7. September 2018	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3-1	Number of public prosecutor's office corresponding with the number of courts
4. JUDICIAL INSTITUTIONS, OTHER INSTITUTIONS SERVING THE JUDICIAL SECTOR	4.1. JUDICIAL INSTITUTIONS 4.1.3. PUBLIC PROSECUTOR'S OFFICE OF THE REPUBLIC OF MACEDONIA	4.1.3.9	Redefinition of the legal status of the SPPO in a separate public prosecutor's office with autonomous jurisdiction, within the PPO, for the whole territory of the Republic of Macedonia, based in Skopje, and expansion of its competence to include prosecution of high-profile corruption cases	4.1.3.9 -1	Adoption of a new Law on the Public Prosecutor's Office	1. Set up a working group by including public prosecutors, representatives from the CPPRM, Association of Public Prosecutors, academic community, CS, the Ombudsman, judges and attorneys. 2. Comparative analyses and consideration of the possible legal solutions 3. Drawing up draft law 4. Introduction of the public to the proposed legal solution (announcement by ENER and public discussion) 5. Submission of a proposed law to the Government of RM. 6. Proposed law adopted by the Government of RM 7. Law passed by the Assembly of RM	MoJ		1. February 2018 2. April 2018 3. May 2018 4. and 5. June 2018 6. July 2018 7. September 2018	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3-1	Incorporated SPPO in the system of PPO from 2018
4. JUDICIAL INSTITUTIONS, OTHER INSTITUTIONS SERVING THE JUDICIAL SECTOR	4.1. JUDICIAL INSTITUTIONS 4.1.3. PUBLIC PROSECUTOR'S OFFICE OF THE REPUBLIC OF MACEDONIA	4.1.3.10	Rationalisation of the duties and responsibilities within the managing system for the prosecution and the key competences of the PPO	4.1.3.10 -1	1. Revision of the regulatory framework for the management system of the prosecution, as well as the public prosecutor of RM and the Council of Public Prosecutors of RM 2. Redrafting the regulatory framework for supervision and hierarchical subordination, the allocation of operational competences between the various units and the system of allocation of cases within the PPO	1. Set up a working group by including public prosecutors, representatives from the CPPRM, Association of Public Prosecutors, academic community, CS, the Ombudsman, judges and attorneys. 2. Comparative analyses and consideration of the possible legal solutions 3. Drawing up draft law 4. Introduction of the public to the proposed legal solution (announcement by ENER and public discussion) 5. Submission of a proposed law to the Government of RM. 6. Proposed law adopted by the Government of RM 7. Law passed by the Assembly of RM	MoJ	CPPRM	1. February 2018 2. April 2018 3. May 2018 4. and 5. June 2018 6. July 2018 7. September 2018	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3-1	Separated competencies between the PPO of RM and the CPPRM
4. JUDICIAL INSTITUTIONS, OTHER INSTITUTIONS SERVING THE JUDICIAL SECTOR	4.1. JUDICIAL INSTITUTIONS 4.1.4 COUNCIL OF PUBLIC PROSECUTORS OF RM	4.1.4.1	Providing and guaranteeing the independence, professionalism and liability of the members of the Council of Public Prosecutors of RM	4.1.4.1 -1	Deprofessionalisation of the members of the Council of Public Prosecutors of RM	1. Set up a working group for CPPRM by including public prosecutors, judges, academic community, civil sector and EU experts. 2. Comparative analyses and consideration of the possible legal solutions 3. Drawing up draft law 4. Introduction of the public to the proposed legal solution (announcement by ENER and public discussion) 5. Submission of a proposed law to the Government of RM. 6. Proposed law adopted by the Government of RM 7. Law passed by the Assembly of RM	MoJ	CPPRM, Association of Public Prosecutors	1. February 2018 2. April 2018 3. May 2018 4. and 5. June 2018 6. July 2018 7. September 2018	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3-1	Elected public prosecutors for members of the CPPRM in accordance with the new legal criteria
4. JUDICIAL INSTITUTIONS, OTHER INSTITUTIONS SERVING THE JUDICIAL SECTOR	4.1. JUDICIAL INSTITUTIONS 4.1.4 COUNCIL OF PUBLIC PROSECUTORS OF RM	4.1.4.2	Increasing the transparency of CPPRM	4.1.4.2 -1	Law on Amending the LSPORM, amendment of the bylaws	Established clear procedures in the area of transparency in the work through public announcement of all decisions made by the Council in particular for election, promotion, evaluation, disciplinary liability, dismissal, analyses, conclusions, reports and announcements for all activities of the Council of the web portal	MoJ and CPPRM	PPORM	Continuously until 2022	IPA/ foreign/donor assistance	Decisions, conclusions, analyses and reports posted on the CPPRM website

5. REFORMS IN INDIVIDUAL AREAS	5.1 PENAL MATTERS	5.1.1.	Codification of non-criminal regulations in the Criminal Code and its harmonisation with European and international standards	5.1.1 -1	Drafting a new Criminal Code in order to: 1. Harmonisation with EU Directives from the penal area 2. Entering all criminal offences from other non-criminal regulations in the Criminal Code 3. Redefining the provisions for meting out penalties in accordance with the guidelines for terminating the validity of the Law on Determination of the Type and Meting Out the Severity of the Sentence 4. Incorporation of the principle of non-punishment of victims, in accordance with international standards 5. Review of terrorism-related criminal offences, in accordance with international standards 6. Introduction of a ban on performing any legal profession for judges sentenced by a final court judgment for a crime related to abuse of the juridical office	1. Set up a working group of judges, public prosecutors, attorneys, academic community, CS. 2. Analysis of European law in this area 3. Holding public discussions and debates 4. Drawing up proposed law and its submission to the Government of RM. 5. Proposed law adopted by the Government of RM 6. Law passed by the Assembly of RM 7. Regular trainings for proper interpretation and implementation of the law	MoJ	PPORM, courts and other bodies	1. January 2018 2. January - April 2018 3. April-May 2018 4. June 2018 5. July 2018 6. October 2018 5. Continuously from 2019	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3.-1	New codified and harmonised Criminal Code published in the official gazette
5. REFORMS IN INDIVIDUAL AREAS	5.1 PENAL MATTERS	5.1.2.	Fair treatment by strengthening the rights of defence and protection of human rights in the criminal proceedings	5.1.2 -1	Preparation of the Law on Amendments to the Criminal Procedure Code because of: 1. Harmonisation with the new EU Directives related to the right to interpretation and translation in the criminal proceedings, the right to information in the criminal proceedings, the protection of personal data within the cooperation in the criminal cases, the standards for the rights, the support and the protection of the victims of criminal offences 2. Review and supplement to the already prepared amendments to the CPC in order to overcome the unbalanced interpretation and unequal practical application of some provisions 3. Precise the provisions regarding the imposition, extension and lifting of the detention measure 4. Specification of the provisions on settlement of a criminal sanction	1. Set up a working group of judges, public prosecutors, the Ombudsman, SPPO, representatives from the MoJ, attorneys, academic community, CS. 2. Analysis of European law in this area 3. Holding public discussions and debates 4. Drawing up proposed law and its submission to the Government of RM. 5. Proposed law adopted by the Government of RM 6. Law passed by the Assembly of RM 7. Regular trainings for proper interpretation and implementation of the law	MoJ	MoJ, SPPO, attorneys	1. November 2017 2. December 2017 3. and 4. February 2018 5. April 2018 6. May 2018 7. July 2018	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3.-1	Amendments to the CPC published in the Official Gazette
5. REFORMS IN INDIVIDUAL AREAS	5.1 PENAL MATTERS	5.1.3.	Compensation for victims of criminal offences	5.1.3. -1	Preparation of the Law on State Fund for Compensation of Victims	1. Set up a working group of judges, public prosecutors, attorneys, the Ombudsman, representatives from the MoJ, representatives from the MLSP, academic community, CS. 3. Holding public discussions and debates 4. Drawing up proposed law and its submission to the Government of RM. 5. Proposed law adopted by the Government of RM 6. Law passed by the Assembly of RM 7. Regular trainings for proper interpretation and implementation of the law	MoJ	MoJ, MLSP	1. November 2017 2. December 2017 3. and 4. February 2018 5. April 2018 6. May 2018 7. July 2018	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3.-1	Functional State Fund

5. REFORMS IN INDIVIDUAL AREAS	5.1 PENAL MATTERS	5.1.4.	Improve and strengthen the protection of witnesses and collaborators of justice	5.1.4. -1	Preparation of the Law on Amending the Law on Witness Protection: 1. Clarification of the provisions of the LWP 2. Harmonisation of the provisions of the LWP in the context of the cases for unlawful monitoring of communications within the competence of the SPPO 3. Harmonisation with EU legislation	1. Set up a working group of judges, public prosecutors, SPPO, attorneys, the Ombudsman, representatives from the MoI, representatives from the MLSP, Administration for Execution of Sanctions, penitentiary institutions, academic community, CS. 3. Drawing up proposed law and its submission to the Government of RM. 4. Proposed law adopted by the Government of RM 5. Law passed by the Assembly of RM 6. Regular trainings for proper interpretation and implementation of the law	MoJ	MoI, MLSP, Administration for execution of sanctions and other competent bodies	1. October 2017 2. 2017 3. and 4. February 2018 5. April 2018 6. May 2018 7. July 2018	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3.-1	Functional witness protection system based on the new law of May 2018
5. REFORMS IN INDIVIDUAL AREAS	5.1 PENAL MATTERS	5.1.5.	Improving the justice system for children	5.1.5 -1	Amendments to the Law on Justice for the Children: 1. Consistently respecting the principle of best interest of the child 2. Harmonise with the newly adopted EU Directives concerning procedural guarantees for the protection of children who are suspected or accused in the criminal proceedings 3. Strengthening the protection of children victims of crimes, including rehabilitation measures and intensified education of children 4. Include procedural provisions regarding the course of the main hearing 5. Facilitate the access of children - victims to legal advice and representation 6. The Compensation Fund for Children Victims 7. Strengthening the mechanisms for prevention of child offenders at the local and central level, as well as institutional, material and functional strengthening of the State Council for Prevention of Child Delinquency	1. Set up a working group of judges, public prosecutors, attorneys, the Ombudsman, representatives from the MoI, representatives from the SWC, academic community, CS. 2. Drawing up proposed law and its submission to the Government of RM. 3. Proposed law adopted by the Government of RM 4. Law passed by the Assembly of RM 5. Regular trainings for proper interpretation and implementation of the law	MoJ	public prosecutor's offices, courts, MoI, SWC	1. November 2018 2. December 2018 3. January 2019 4. March 2019 5. Continuously from September 2019	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3.-1	Enhanced and functional justice system for children
5. REFORMS IN INDIVIDUAL AREAS	5.1 PENAL MATTERS	5.1.6.	Improving international co-operation in criminal matters	5.1.6 -1	Amendments to the Law on International Cooperation in Criminal Matters: 1. Overcoming the perceived differing interpretations and practices in its application in order to more precisely distinguish the competencies of the judge and the public prosecutor 2. A more precise shortened extradition procedure 3. Provisions for imposition of detention of a person for whom an extradition procedure is ongoing	1. Set up a working group of judges, public prosecutors, attorneys, the Ombudsman, representatives from the MoI, academic community, CS. 2. Holding public discussions and debates 3. Drawing up proposed law and its submission to the Government of RM. 4. Proposed law adopted by the Government of RM 5. Law passed by the Assembly of RM 6. Regular trainings for proper interpretation and implementation of the law	MoJ	MoI, public prosecutor's offices, courts	1. November 2018 2. December 2018 3. February 2019 4. April 2019 5. May 2019 6. Continuously from September 2019	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3.-1	Functional and intensified international cooperation in criminal matters
5. REFORMS IN INDIVIDUAL AREAS	5.1 PENAL MATTERS	5.1.7.	Enforcement of the system for execution of sanctions	5.1.7 -1	Evaluation of the implementation of the National Strategy for the Development of the Penitentiary System 2015-2019	Establishment of an expert working group for preparation of analysis with concrete measures	MoJ	YHC, professional associations	Continuously from January 2018	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3.-1	Improved assessments of the situation in the penitentiary system by domestic and international organisations
5. REFORMS IN INDIVIDUAL AREAS	5.2. ADMINISTRATIVE MATTERS	5.2.1.	Increasing the efficiency of the administrative dispute and reducing the length of the administrative court procedure by taking the burden off the budget of RM	5.2.1.-1	Restricting the administrative dispute to two instances. Preparation of depth analyses for improvement of the administrative dispute efficiency, with particular reference to the realisation of the obligation for two stages in the administrative court procedure including international experts.	Analyses of the efficiency of the current administrative dispute with the proposals for improvement, using comparative experiences and best practises	MoJ	AC, HAC, Ombudsman, representatives from the academic community and international representatives	January-February 2018	TAIEX	Published analyses of the web site of MoJ

5. REFORMS IN INDIVIDUAL AREAS	5.2. ADMINISTRATIVE MATTERS	5.2.2.	Relieve the Attorney General from participation in administrative disputes	5.2.2.-1.	New LAD and amendments to the Law on the AG for the purpose of depriving the AG of having a remedy in an administrative dispute on behalf of the public authority.	1. Set up a working group for a new LAD and amendments to the Law on AGO by including judges from the Administrative Court, Higher Administrative Court, the Supreme Court, the AGO and representatives of the academic community. 2. Use of comparative analyses and consultations with foreign experts 3. Drawing up draft law 4. Introduction of the public to the proposed legal solution (announcement by ENER and public discussion) 5. Submission of proposed laws to the Government of RM. 6. Proposed laws adopted by the Government of RM 7. Laws passed by the Assembly of RM.	MoJ	AC, HAC, AG and representatives from the academic community	1. February 2018 2. April 2018 3. May 2018 4. and 5. June 2018 6. July 2018 7. September 2018	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3.-1	Shortened length of the administrative court procedure and increased efficacy starting from January 2019
5. REFORMS IN INDIVIDUAL AREAS	5.2. ADMINISTRATIVE MATTERS	5.2.2.	Relieve the Attorney General from participation in administrative disputes	5.2.2.-2	Strengthening the capacities of public authorities themselves to defend the legality of the decisions	Training of officials for participation in administrative disputes	MISA	AJPP	Continuously after the adoption of the new legal solutions	does not cause fiscal implications	Shortened length of the administrative court procedure and increased efficacy starting from January 2019
5. REFORMS IN INDIVIDUAL AREAS	5.2. ADMINISTRATIVE MATTERS	5.2.3.	Increased meritorious decision-making of the Administrative Court, that is, deciding in a dispute of full jurisdiction	5.2.3.-1	New LAD for the purpose of specifying the term "meritorious decision-making" of the Administrative Court. Proper criteria and conditions for compulsory decision-making by the Court in full jurisdiction will be defined.	1. Set up a working group for a new LAD by including judges from the Administrative Court, Higher Administrative Court, the Supreme Court, representatives of the academic community. 2. Use of comparative analyses and consultations with foreign experts 3. Drawing up draft law 4. Introduction of the public to the proposed legal solution (announcement by ENER and public discussion) 5. Submission of proposed law to the Government of RM. 6. Proposed law adopted by the Government of RM 7. Law passed by the Assembly of RM. 8. Regular trainings for proper interpretation and implementation of the law	MoJ	AC, HAC and representatives from the academic community	1. February 2018 2. April 2018 3. May 2018 4. and 5. June 2018 6. July 2018 7. September 2018 8. Continuously from October 2018	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3.-1	Increased number of meritorious decisions of the AC by 10% percent annually starting in 2019
5. REFORMS IN INDIVIDUAL AREAS	5.2. ADMINISTRATIVE MATTERS	5.2.4.	Ensuring the enforceability of judgments in an administrative dispute	5.2.4.-1	A new LAD envisaging sanctions for officials in public bodies who, when deciding again on a case remitted by the Administrative Court, failed to comply with the judgment of the Court and did not decide in accordance with the Court's instructions .	1. Set up a working group for a new LAD by including judges from the Administrative Court, Higher Administrative Court, the Supreme Court, representatives of the academic community. 2. Use of comparative analyses and consultations with foreign experts 3. Drawing up draft law 4. Introduction of the public to the proposed legal solution (announcement by ENER and public discussion) 5. Submission of proposed law to the Government of RM. 6. Proposed law adopted by the Government of RM 7. Law passed by the Assembly of RM.	MoJ	AC, HAC and representatives from the academic community	1. February 2018 2. April 2018 3. May 2018 4. and 5. June 2018 6. July 2018 7. September 2018	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3.-1	Increased number of enforced decisions of the AC by 10% annually starting in 2019
5. REFORMS IN INDIVIDUAL AREAS	5.2. ADMINISTRATIVE MATTERS	5.2.5.	Enabling public hearings in administrative dispute	5.2.5.-1	New LAD defining the obligation to hold public hearings when an administrative dispute is decided meritoriously (a dispute of full jurisdiction)	1. Set up a working group for a new LAD by including judges from the Administrative Court, Higher Administrative Court, the Supreme Court, representatives of the academic community. 2. Use of comparative analyses and consultations with foreign experts 3. Drawing up draft law 4. Introduction of the public to the proposed legal solution (announcement by ENER and public discussion) 5. Submission of proposed law to the Government of RM. 6. Proposed law adopted by the Government of RM 7. Law passed by the Assembly of RM.	MoJ	AC, HAC and representatives from the academic community	1. February 2018 2. April 2018 3. May 2018 4. and 5. June 2018 6. July 2018 7. September 2018	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3.-1	Increased number of conducted public debates by 5% at annual level starting from 2019

5. REFORMS IN INDIVIDUAL AREAS	5.2. ADMINISTRATIVE MATTERS	5.2.6.	Harmonisation of the LAD with the LGAP from 2015	5.2.6.-1	New LAD harmonised with the LGAP	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Set up a working group for a new LAD by including judges from the Administrative Court, Higher Administrative Court, the Supreme Court, representatives of the academic community. 2. Use of comparative analyses and consultations with foreign experts 3. Drawing up draft law 4. Introduction of the public to the proposed legal solution (announcement by ENER and public discussion) 5. Submission of proposed law to the Government of RM. 6. Proposed law adopted by the Government of RM 7. Law passed by the Assembly of RM. 	MoJ	AC, HAC, MISA and representatives from the academic community	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. February 2018 2. April 2018 3. May 2018 4. and 5. June 2018 6. July 2018 7. September 2018 	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3.-1	Aligned law
5. REFORMS IN INDIVIDUAL AREAS	5.2. ADMINISTRATIVE MATTERS	5.2.7.	Increasing the transparency of the work of the Administrative Court	5.2.7.-1	Specify and supplement the data contained in the Annual Reports on the Work of the Administrative Court in accordance with ACCMIS	Inclusion into the Annual Reports for the work of the Administrative Court of number of decisions taken in a dispute of full jurisdiction, number of decisions taken after a previously held oral hearing, number of decisions taken by a single judge, etc.	AC		October 2018 година	does not cause fiscal implications	Generated reports from ACMIS system starting from January 2019
5. REFORMS IN INDIVIDUAL AREAS	5.2. ADMINISTRATIVE MATTERS	5.2.8.	Improvement of the spatial and material-technical conditions for the work of the Administrative Court	5.2.8.-1	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Providing space for courtrooms and offices of the Administrative Court. 2. Providing computers, servers, printers, networking. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Providing space for courtrooms and offices of the Administrative Court. 2. Adapting the premises of an old building of Skopje 1 Court of First Instance 3. Purchase of computers, servers, printers, networking 	MoJ/JBC	AC	Continuously from early 2018	18,000,000.00 denars	Provided spatial and material - technical working conditions

5. REFORMS IN INDIVIDUAL AREAS	5.2. ADMINISTRATIVE MATTERS	5.2.9.	Assignment of case law in resolving disputes arising out of administrative agreements	5.2.9.-1	Real undertaking of the competence of the Administrative Court to resolve the disputes arising from the administrative agreements	Specific training of panels in the Administrative Court that decide on disputes from administrative agreements from domestic and international experts on different types of administrative agreements and from experienced administrative judges who adjudicate such disputes in other countries.	AJPP		Continuously after the entry into force of LAD	does not cause fiscal implications	Adopted aligned decisions on administrative agreements starting from January 2019
5. REFORMS IN INDIVIDUAL AREAS	5.3. MISDEMEANOUR MATTERS	5.3.1.	Reduction of misdemeanour fines	5.3.1.-1	Determining the exact range of the misdemeanour fines in the LM with limited ability with substantive laws to determine a higher misdemeanour fine.	1. Set up a working group for a new LM by including misdemeanour judges, representatives of all public authorities having misdemeanour commissions, inspectors, the academic community and CS. 2. Use of comparative analyses and consultations with foreign experts 3. Drawing up draft law 4. Introduction of the public to the proposed legal solution (announcement by ENER and public discussion) 5. Submission of proposed law to the Government of RM. 6. Proposed law adopted by the Government of RM 7. Law passed by the Assembly of RM. 8. Regular trainings for proper interpretation and implementation of the Law	MoJ	AJPP	1. February 2018 2. April 2018 3. May 2018 4. and 5. June 2018 6. July 2018 7. September 2018 8. continuously after the adoption of the Law	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3.-1	Reduced fines for certain misdemeanours starting in January 2019
5. REFORMS IN INDIVIDUAL AREAS	5.3. MISDEMEANOUR MATTERS	5.3.1.	Reduction of misdemeanour fines	5.3.1.-2	Harmonisation of all substantive regulations with the provisions of the LM in the direction of reduction of the fines that have been determined with them.	Set up working groups in all public bodies for preparation of amendments to their substantive laws in order to comply them with the LM.	all ministries responsible for the drafting of substantive laws containing misdemeanour provisions	other bodies within the Ministries	three months after the adoption of the new LM	does not cause fiscal implications	Reduced fines for certain misdemeanours starting in January 2019
5. REFORMS IN INDIVIDUAL AREAS	5.3. MISDEMEANOUR MATTERS	5.3.2.	Distinction between administrative offence and a court misdemeanour	5.3.2.-1	1. Determining the legal boundary for administrative offences under the competence of misdemeanour commissions 2. Determining the maximum fine for court misdemeanours	1. Set up a working group for a new LM by including misdemeanour judges, representatives of all public authorities having misdemeanour commissions, inspectors, the academic community and CS. 2. Use of comparative analyses and consultations with foreign experts 3. Drawing up draft law 4. Introduction of the public to the proposed legal solution (announcement by ENER and public discussion) 5. Submission of proposed law to the Government of RM. 6. Proposed law adopted by the Government of RM 7. Law passed by the Assembly of RM. 8. Regular trainings for proper interpretation and implementation of the Law	MoJ	AJPP	1. February 2018 2. April 2018 3. May 2018 4. and 5. June 2018 6. July 2018 7. September 2018 8. continuously after the adoption of the Law	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3.-1	Imposed reduced fines starting from January 2019
5. REFORMS IN INDIVIDUAL AREAS	5.3. MISDEMEANOUR MATTERS	5.3.3.	Improving the efficiency of the misdemeanour proceedings	5.3.3.-1	Analyses of the situation regarding two stages within the misdemeanour procedure, with the specific particular reference on the Law on establishing of the State commission for deciding in the second stage for misdemeanours and inspection supervision	Preparation of analyses with specific proposals for the Law on misdemeanours by domestic and international experts.	MoJ	Domestic and international experts	January-May 2018	TAIEX	Published analyses on the MoJ website
5. REFORMS IN INDIVIDUAL AREAS	5.3. MISDEMEANOUR MATTERS	5.3.4.	Prevention against repression as the main objective of the misdemeanour proceedings	5.3.4.-1	Imposing a warning before a fine is imposed for all administrative offences whenever possible	1. Set up a working group for a new LM by including misdemeanour judges, representatives of all public authorities having misdemeanour commissions, inspectors, the academic community and CS. 2. Use of comparative analyses and consultations with foreign experts 3. Drawing up draft law 4. Introduction of the public to the proposed legal solution (announcement by ENER and public discussion) 5. Submission of proposed law to the Government of RM. 6. Proposed law adopted by the Government of RM 7. Law passed by the Assembly of RM. 8. Regular trainings for proper interpretation and implementation of the Law	MoJ	AJPP	1. February 2018 2. April 2018 3. May 2018 4. and 5. June 2018 6. July 2018 7. September 2018 8. continuously after the adoption of the Law	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3.-1	Increased number of decisions with imposed warning
5. REFORMS IN INDIVIDUAL AREAS	5.3. MISDEMEANOUR MATTERS	5.3.4.	Prevention against repression as the main objective of the misdemeanour proceedings	5.3.4.-2	Imposing a warning before a fine is imposed for all administrative offences whenever possible	Trainings for the inspectors and members of misdemeanour commissions	MoJ / MISA		continuously after the adoption of the new legal solutions	does not cause fiscal implications	Increased number of decisions with imposed warning

5. REFORMS IN INDIVIDUAL AREAS	5.4 CIVIL MATTERS	5.4.1.	Establishing a stable civil law system by filling in existing legal gaps and aligning it with European standards and modern social trends	5.4.1-1	Coordination of the reforms in the civil law sector	1. Establishment of a permanent working body for monitoring the reforms in the civil law system consisting of an academic community, chambers of commerce, other state administrative bodies 2. Preparation of regular reports with proposals for changing the legal solutions and recommendations for the application of laws 3. Amendment of the bylaw in the direction of a separate organisational unit for civil law	MoJ		Continuously from November 2017	does not cause fiscal implications	1. Set up body 2. Reports submitted to the MoJ 3. Established separate organisational unit in the MoJ
5. REFORMS IN INDIVIDUAL AREAS	5.4 CIVIL MATTERS	5.4.1.	Establishing a stable civil law system by filling in existing legal gaps and aligning it with European standards and modern social trends	5.4.1-2	Adoption of a new Law on Obligations harmonised with European Directives	1. Set up a working group by including judges, the academic community, civil sector for the drawing up of the Law. 2. Drawing up draft laws 3. Public debate 4. Introduction of the public to the proposed legal solution (announcement by ENER and public discussion) 5. Submission of proposed law to the Government of RM. 6. Proposed law adopted by the GRM 7. Law passed by the Assembly of RM.	MoJ	AJPP	1. September 2018 2 and 3. December 2018 4. January 2019 5. March 2019 6. April 2019 7. June 2019	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3-1	New LO in accordance with EU Directives
5. REFORMS IN INDIVIDUAL AREAS	5.4 CIVIL MATTERS	5.4.1.	Establishing a stable civil law system by filling in existing legal gaps and aligning it with European standards and modern social trends	5.4.1-3	Preparation of a new Law on Ownership and Other Real Rights	1. Set up a working group by including judges, the academic community, civil sector for the drawing up of the Law. 2. Drawing up draft laws 3. Public debate 4. Introduction of the public to the proposed legal solution (announcement by ENER and public discussion) 5. Submission of proposed law to the Government of RM. 6. Proposed law adopted by the GRM 7. Law passed by the Assembly of RM.	MoJ		1. September 2018 2 and 3. December 2018 4. January 2019 5. March 2019 6. April 2019 7. June 2019	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3-1	New Law on Ownership and Other Real Rights published in the Official Gazette
5. REFORMS IN INDIVIDUAL AREAS	5.4 CIVIL MATTERS	5.4.1.	Establishing a stable civil law system by filling in existing legal gaps and aligning it with European standards and modern social trends	5.4.1-4	Preparation of a new Law on Inheritance for the purpose of harmonisation with the European legislation in the area and the most up-to-date European practices	1. Set up a working group by including judges, the academic community, civil sector for the drawing up of the Law. 2. Drawing up draft laws 3. Public debate 4. Introduction of the public to the proposed legal solution (announcement by ENER and public discussion) 5. Submission of proposed law to the Government of RM. 6. Proposed law adopted by the GRM 7. Law passed by the Assembly of RM.	MoJ		1. September 2018 2 and 3. December 2018 4. January 2019 5. March 2019 6. April 2019 7. June 2019	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3-1	New Law on Inheritance published in the Official Gazette
5. REFORMS IN INDIVIDUAL AREAS	5.4 CIVIL MATTERS	5.4.1.	Establishing a stable civil law system by filling in existing legal gaps and aligning it with European standards and modern social trends	5.4.1-5	Amendment to the CPA in order to overcome the problems in its application	1. Set up a working group by including judges, the academic community, civil sector for the drawing up of the Law. 2. Drawing up draft laws 3. Public debate 4. Introduction of the public to the proposed legal solution (announcement by ENER and public discussion) 5. Submission of proposed law to the Government of RM. 6. Proposed law adopted by the GRM 7. Law passed by the Assembly of RM.	MoJ		1. September 2018 2 and 3. December 2018 4. January 2019 5. March 2019 6. April 2019 7. June 2019	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3-1	Amendments to the Civil Proceedings Act published in the Official Gazette
5. REFORMS IN INDIVIDUAL AREAS	5.4 CIVIL MATTERS	5.4.1.	Establishing a stable civil law system by filling in existing legal gaps and aligning it with European standards and modern social trends	5.4.1-6	Revision of the civil liability system for insult and defamation	1. Set up a working group by including judges, the academic community, civil sector for the drawing up of the Law. 2. Drawing up draft laws 3. Public debate 4. Introduction of the public to the proposed legal solution (announcement by ENER and public discussion) 5. Submission of proposed law to the Government of RM. 6. Proposed law adopted by the GRM 7. Law passed by the Assembly of RM.	MoJ		1. May 2018 2 and 3. June 2018 4. June 2018 5. July 2018 6. July 2018 7. September 2018	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3-1	Pronounced sentences for defamation and insult with a symbolic amount of damage
5. REFORMS IN INDIVIDUAL AREAS	5.4 CIVIL MATTERS	5.4.1.	Establishing a stable civil law system by filling in existing legal gaps and aligning it with European standards and modern social trends	5.4.1-7	Civil law training courses	Conducting continuous specialised training for the application of laws in the civil law area	AJPP		Continuously	does not cause fiscal implications	Conducted 10 trainings by 2021

5. REFORMS IN INDIVIDUAL AREAS	5.4 CIVIL MATTERS	5.4.2.	Expert report	5.4.2-1	Amendments to the Law on Expertise in the direction of specifying the norms for entering the profession of an expert, performing the activity and extending the licences	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Set up a working group by including judges, the academic community, civil sector for the drawing up of the Law. 2. Drawing up draft laws 3. Public debate 4. Introduction of the public to the proposed legal solution (announcement by ENER and public discussion) 5. Submission of proposed law to the Government of RM. 6. Proposed law adopted by the GRM 7. Law passed by the Assembly of RM. 	MoJ		<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. November 2017 2 and 3. December 2017 4. December 2017 5. January 2018 6. January 2018 7. March 2018 	The finances are provided within the envisaged amount specified in point 3.1.3-1	Abolished electronic exam taking and implemented a new way of taking it
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